## MultiModem® rCell

## **Intelligent Wireless Router**



## **User Guide**

## MultiModem® rCell User Guide

Intelligent Wireless Router MTCBA-Xx-EN3 S000508A, Revision A

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# Chapter 1 – Introduction and Product Description

This User Guide describes the MultiModem® rCell intelligent wireless routers with an Ethernet II interface. The MultiModem rCell Router is configured for one of three connectivity modes: always-on, wake-up on ring, or dial-on demand. The always-on network connection automatically establishes a wireless data connection and allows for around the clock surveillance, monitoring or real time data acquisition of any remote Ethernet device such as a Web camera. If the data link is dropped in the event of poor reception or a complete loss of service, it will automatically re-establish the data link. The wake-up on ring configuration allows the router to "wake up" and initiate a connection when it detects an incoming ring. For security reasons, you can setup the router to wake up based on a particular caller ID number. This configuration is ideal for reducing the costs associated with the modem being online and available 24/7. When configured for dial-on demand, the router only accesses the Internet when data is present. This configuration is ideal for sharing Internet access among networked PCs.



Model	Description
MTCBA-H3-EN3-P1	Quad-band HSPA 7.2
MTCBA-EV1-EN3-N3	Quad-band EV-DO Rev A Performance

### **Related Documentation**

## **MultiModem MTCBA-H3-EN3 (HSPA)**

**AT Commands:** The MultiModem MTCBA-H3-EN3 wireless router is configured using the HSPA-H3 AT Commands. These commands are documented in the Reference Guide number S000505*x*.

## **MultiModem MTCBA-EV1-EN3 (EV-DO)**

**AT Commands:** The MultiModem MTCBA-EV1-EN3 wireless router is configured using the EV-DO AT Commands. These commands are documented in the Reference Guide number S000506x.

## **Safety Warnings**

#### **Ethernet Ports Caution**

The Ethernet ports are not designed to be connected to a Public Telecommunication Network or used outside the building.

## **RF Safety**

The remote modems are cellular devices. It is important to follow any special regulations regarding the use of radio equipment due in particular to the possibility of Radio Frequency (RF) interference.

**Caution:** A separation distance of at least 20 cm must be maintained between the modem transmitter's antenna and the body of the user or nearby persons. The modem is not designed for or intended to be used in portable applications within 20 cm of the body of the user.

Check your local standards regarding safe distances, etc.

- Operation of a cellular modem close to other electronic equipment may also cause interference if the equipment is inadequately protected. Observe any warning signs and manufacturers' recommendations.
- Different industries and businesses have their own restrictions governing the use of cellular devices. Please observe
  the local restrictions of the environment where you intend to operate the cell modem.
- Under no circumstances should antenna be placed outdoors.

## **Internal Lithium Battery**

A lithium battery located within product provides backup power for the timekeeping capability. The battery has an
estimated life expectancy of ten years.

#### **Front Panel**

The front panel contains Power and Status LEDs, two Ethernet LEDs, two modem LEDs, and three signal LEDs. The Power LED indicates that DC power is present and the Status LED blinks when the unit is functioning normally. The two Ethernet LEDs indicate transmit and receive activity and connection speed of 10 or 100Mbps on the Ethernet link. The two modem LEDs indicate carrier detection and link status. The three signal LEDs display the signal strength level of the wireless connection. The SIM door on the right side of the router provides access to the SIM card holder on the H3 version.



	LED Indicators				
Power	Indicates presence of DC power when lit.				
Status	The LED is a solid light when the rCell is boo When the Status LED begins to blink, the rou	ting up, saving the configuration, restarting, or updating the firmware. Iter is ready.			
LNK	<b>Link.</b> Blinks when there is transmit and receivalid Ethernet connection.	ve activity on the Ethernet link. It shows a steady light when there is a			
SPD	Speed. Lit when the Ethernet is linked at 100	Mbps. If it is not lit, the Ethernet is linked at 10 Mbps.			
CD	Carrier Detect. Lit when data connection has been established.				
LS	Link Status Dependent on Model				
	H3 Version	EV1 Version			
	Permanently On: Powered on and connected, but not transmitting or receiving.  Slow flashing state (5 Seconds) Powered on searching for a connection. Fast flashing state (0.3 seconds) Transmitting and receiving.  Permanently On: Not registered on network. Flashing states: 200 ms on/2 sec off Registered on network. 200 ms on/600 ms off Registered on network and communications in progress 100 ms on/200 ms off Software downloaded is either corrupted or non-compatible ("bad software")				
Signal ALL OFF - Unit is off, not registered on network, or extremely weak signal (0 < = RSSI < 6).  1 Bar "ON" – Very weak signal (7 < = RSSI <14)  1 Bar and 2 Bar "ON" – Weak signal (15 < = RSSI <23)  1 Bar, 2 Bar, and 3 Bar "ON" – Good signal (24 <= RSSI > = 31)					

## **Package Contents**

Unbundled Package with No Accessories	Bundled Package with Accessories
1 router	1 router
1 Quick Start Guide	1 antenna
	1 Ethernet cable
Note: You must supply mounting screws,	1 power supply
AC or DC power supply, and an antenna.	1 Quick Start Guide
	Note: You must supply mounting screws.

**Note:** If required, your wireless provider will supply the SIM card.

## **Specifications**

Features	MTCBA-H3-EN3	MTCBA-EV1-EN3	
Standard	HSPA  CDMA2000 1xRTT EV-DO Rev. A (back compatible to EV-DO Rev. 0 and CDMA networks) SMS is based on CS/Packet-switched (PS) domain of GSM and WCDI		
Band, Frequency	HSPA/HSDPA/UMTS Triple-band: 2100/1900/850 MHz with Rx diversity GSM/GPRS/EDGE: 850/900/1800/1900	Dual-band 800/1900 MHz bands with Receive Diversity support on both bands	
Packet Data	HSDPA data service of up to 7.2 Mbps HSUPA data service of up to 5.76 Mbps	Peak download 3.1 Mbps, peak upload 1.8 Mbps	
Circuit-Switched Data	Up to 14.4K bps, non-transparent		
Short Message Services-SMS	Text & PDU, Point-to-Point (MO/MT), cell broadcast	Point-to-Point messaging (MO/MT)	
Antenna Connector	RF Antenna: 50 ohm SMA (female connector)	RF Antenna: 50 ohm SMA (female connector)	
SIM Connector	Standard 1.8 and 3V SIM receptacle		
<b>Power Connector</b>	2.5mm miniature (screw-on)		
Voltage	5	5 VDC	
Physical Description		H x 2.93"D 0.75lbs cmH x7.44cmD 0.340Kg	
Operating Temperature *	-30° to +60° C*	-40° to +75° C*	
Storage Temp	-40°	to +85° C*	
Humidity	Relative humidity 20	% to 90% noncondensing	
Certifications	EMC Compliance FCC Part 15 Class B EN55022 Class B EN55024 Radio Compliance FCC Part 22, 24 RSS132,133 EN301 489-1 EN489-3 (-GP only) EN301 489-7 EN301 489-7 EN301 489-24 AS/ACIF S042.1, S042.3 Safety: UL60950-1, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition IEC60950-1:2005 (Second Edition with EN 60950-1:2006+A11:2009 Network: PTCRB, AT&T	EMC Compliance FCC Part 15 Class B Radio Compliance FCC Part 22, 24 Safety: UL60950-1, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition IEC60950-1:2005 (Second Edition with EN 60950-1:2006+A11:2009	

<sup>\*</sup> UL Listed @ 40° C, limited by power supply. UL Certification does not apply or extend to an ambient above 40° C and has not been evaluated by UL for ambient greater than 40° C.

**Note:** The radio's performance may be affected at the temperature extremes. This is considered normal. The radio is designed to automatically fallback in class and reduces transmitter power to avoid damage to the radio. There is no single cause for this function. Rather, it is the result of an interaction of several factors, such as the ambient temperature, the operating mode and the transmit power.

<sup>&</sup>quot; UL has evaluated this device for use in ordinary locations only. Installation in a vehicle or other outdoor locations has not been evaluated by UL. UL Certification does not apply or extend to use in vehicles or outdoor applications or in ambient above 40° C."

#### **Power**

### Power Draw for MTCBA-H3-EN3 (GSM850/HSDPA) product:

Input Voltage= 5.0Volts	Idle Mode	Typical	Maximum	Peak Tx	Peak Rst (Inrush Current)
GSM850					
Current(AMPS)	0.345	0.450	1.20	3.60	
Watts	1.76	2.29	5.94		
HSDPA					
Current(AMPS)	0.345	0.760	1.01	1.40	
Watts	1.76	3.84	5.03		
Inrush Current (AMPS) (approx. 3ms duration)					2.66

### Power Draw for MTCBA-EV1-EN3 (US PCS/US Cellular):

Input Voltage= 5.0Volts	Idle Mode	Typical	Maximum	Peak Tx	Peak Rst (Inrush Current)
US CELLULAR					
Current(AMPS)	0.305	0.450	0.805	1.12	
Watts	1.54	2.26	4.06		
US PCS					
Current(AMPS)	0.305	0.505	1.06	1.38	
Watts	1.54	2.53	5.11		
Inrush Current (AMPS) (approx. 3ms duration)					2.70

**NOTE:** Recommends that the customer incorporate a 10% buffer into their power source when determining product load.

## **RF Specifications**

	GSM 850	EGSM 900	GSM 1800	GSM 1900	CDMA 800	CDMA 1900
Frequency RX	869 to 894 MHz	925 to 960 MHz	1805 to 1800 MHz	1930 to 1990 MHz	869 to 894 MHz	1930 to 1990 MHz
Frequency TX	824 to 849 MHz	880 to 915 MHz	1710 to 1785 MHz	1850 to 1910 MHz	824 to 849 MHz	1850 to 1910 MHz
RF Power Stand	2W at 12.5% duty cycle	2W at 12.5% duty cycle	1W at 12.5% duty cycle	1W at 12.5% duty cycle	-	-

#### **Cellular Information**

## **Antenna System for Cellular Devices**

The cellular/wireless performance is completely dependent on the implementation and antenna design. The integration of the antenna system into the product is a critical part of the design process; therefore, it is essential to consider it early so the performance is not compromised. If changes are made to the certified antenna system of the MultiModem, then recertification will be required by specific network carriers such as Sprint. The Antenna System is defined as the UFL connection point from the MultiModem to the specified cable specifications and specified antenna specifications.

### PTCRB Requirements for the Antenna

There cannot be any alteration to the authorized antenna system. The antenna system must maintain the same specifications. The antenna must be the same type, with similar in-band and out-of-band radiation patterns.

#### FCC Requirements for the Antenna

The antenna gain, including cable loss, for the radio you are incorporating into your product design must not exceed the requirements at 850 MHz and 1900 MHz as specified by the FCC grant for mobile operations and fixed mounted operations as defined in 2.1091 and 1.1307 of the FCC rules for satisfying RF exposure compliance. The antenna used for transmitting must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20cm from all persons and must not transmit simultaneously with any other antenna transmitters. User and installers must be provided with antenna installation instructions and transmitter operating conditions to satisfying RF exposure compliance.

#### **Antenna Specifications**

#### **CDMA Antenna Requirements/Specifications**

Frequency Range	824 – 894 MHz / 1850 – 1990 MHz
Impedance	50 Ohms
VSWR	VSWR shall not exceed 2.0:1 at any point across the bands of operation
Typical Radiated Gain	3 dBi on azimuth plane
Radiation	Omni-directional
Polarization	Vertical
TRP/TIS	The total radiated power (TRP) at the antenna shall be no less than +21/20 dBm for PCS/CELL channels respectively, and the total isotropic sensitivity (TIS) at the antenna shall be no less than -104/104 dBm for PCS/CELL channels respectively.

#### **GSM Antenna Requirements/Specifications**

Frequency Range	824 – 960 MHz / 1710 – 1990 MHz
Impedance	50 Ohms
VSWR	VSWR shall not exceed 2.0:1 at any point across the bands of operation
Typical Radiated Gain	3 dBi on azimuth plane
Radiation	Omni-directional
Polarization	Vertical
TRP/TIS	Including cable loss the total radiated power (TRP) at the antenna shall be no less than +22/24.5 dBm for 850/1900 MHz respectively, and the total isotropic sensitivity (TIS) at the antenna shall be no less than -99/101.5 dBm for 850/1900 MHz respectively.

## **Chapter 2 - Installation**

## Insert the SIM Card into Holder, If required

The router requires the power supply connection to begin operation. It also requires a SIM card (Subscriber Identity Module) to operate on a GSM network. To install the SIM, do the following:

1. Open the SIM door by pressing down on the tab on the top of the door and prying it open.

Note: When changing a SIM, ensure that power is removed from the unit.



- 2. Insert the SIM card into the card holder. The above graphic illustrates the correct SIM card orientation.
- 3. Verify that the SIM card fits into the holder properly and then close the cover.

## **Making the Connection**



- 1. Connect a suitable antenna to the SMA connector (see antenna specifications in Chapter 1).
- Using an Ethernet cable, connect one end of the cable to the ETHERNET connector on the back of the router and the other end to your pc either directly or via a switch or hub.
- 3. Attach the appropriate interchangeable blade piece to the power supply module.



4. Screw-on the power lead from the power supply module into the power connection on the router. Now, plug the power supply into your power source.

#### Notes

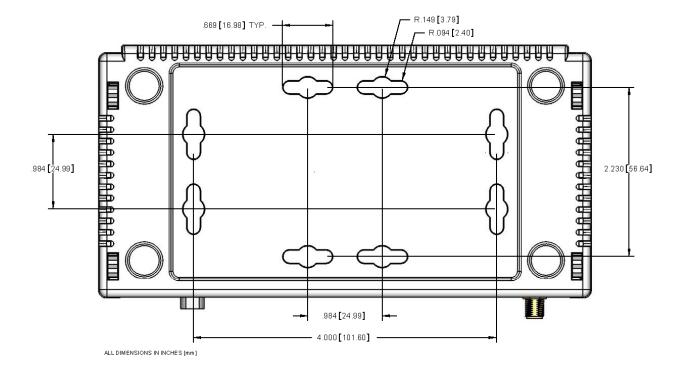
- The **POWER** LED. The **POWER** LED lights after power-up.
- The **Status** LED is a solid ON when the router is booting up, saving a configuration, or updating firmware. When the **Status** LED begins to blink, the router is ready.
  - The **Reset** Button. Hold the **Reset** button in until the Status Light goes out. Then release it. It also will set the username and password back to admin and admin as well as setting the IP address to the default of 192.168.2.1.

## Optional - Attach the Router to a Flat Surface

Before you mount your router to a permanent surface, verify signal strength, refer to Verify Signal Strength in this Chapter.

The router can be panel mounted with screws spaced according to the measurement shown.

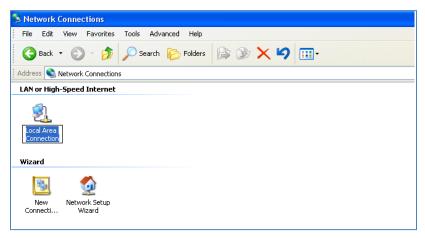
Note: Use either #6 or #8 pan head screws for all four mount locations.



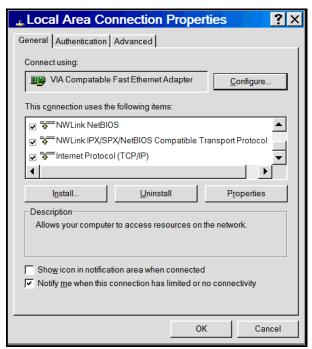
## Set Your PC's TCP/IP Address for Ethernet Functionality

The following directions establish a TCP/IP connection at the pc so the PC can communicate with the router. The following directions were written using a Windows XP/ 2003+ operating system.

1. Click Start | Control Panel. Double-click the Network Connections icon.

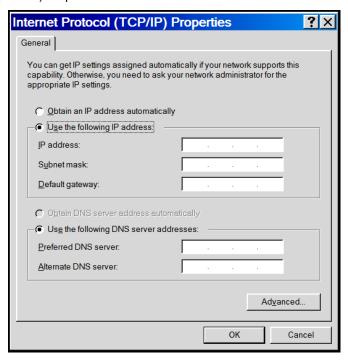


The Network Connections screen displays. Right-click the Local Area Connection icon and choose Properties from the drop down list.



- 3. The Local Area Connection Properties dialog box displays.
  - Select Internet Protocol [TCP/IP].
  - Click the Properties button. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties screen displays.

4. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties screen.



#### **Important Note:**

If this screen opens and displays your current IP configuration, we suggest you record this information for future reference (i.e., after the router is configured, you may wish to return this PC to its original settings).

- To set a Fixed IP Address for the pc, select Use the following IP address.
  - Enter the pc IP Address. Example: 192.168.2.x.

**Note**: The  $\mathbf{x}$  in the address stands for numbers 101 and up.

- Enter the pc Subnet Mask. Example: 255.255.255.0
- Enter the pc Default Gateway. Example: 192.168.2.1

**Note:** The pc settings must be in the same subnet range as the router.

The factory default settings for the router are:

IP Address: 192.168.2.1 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

- Select Use the following DNS server addresses.
  - Enter the IP Address for the Preferred DNS Server. Example: 205.171.3.65
  - Click OK.
- Close the Local Area Properties screen by clicking OK.
- Close the Control Panel.
- Repeat these steps for each PC on your network.

## Configure Ethernet Interface Using Web Management Software

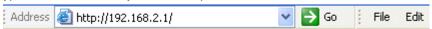
You are now ready to configure the Ethernet interface. This is accomplished by using the router's factory-installed Web Management software. The software is accessed through a Web browser.

1. Open a Web browser

From the pc, open a Web browser.

Note: Ensure that the Status LED is blinking, indicating that the router is ready.

2. Type the default Gateway Address: http://192.168.2.1



3. Login

After entering the Address, the **Login** screen displays.



- Type the default User Name: admin (all lower-case).
- Type the default password: admin (all lower-case).

Note: The User name and Password are case-sensitive (both must be typed in lower-case).

A password can be up to 12 characters. If Windows displays the **AutoComplete** screen, you may want to click **No** to tell the Windows OS not to remember the password; this helps maintain PC security.

Password Caution: It is recommended that you change the default password to better protect the security of your router. Use a safe password! Your first name spelled backwards is not a sufficiently safe password; a password such as xfT35\$4 is better.

- Click the Login button. The Web Management Home screen displays.
- 4. Use the Wizard Setup for Quick Configuration

A quick way to configure the router is to use the *Wizard Setup*. The *Wizard Setup* can be opened by clicking the words *Wizard Setup* located under the Web Management software's menu bar. The information entered here will default to other screens that require this information.

#### **Benefits of Using the Wizard Setup**

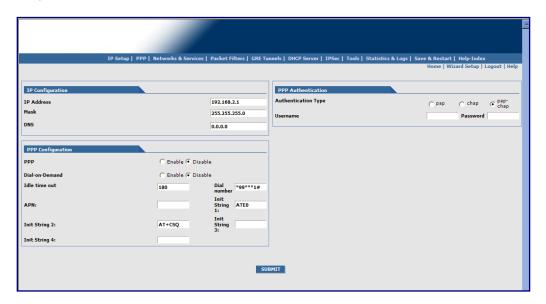
• Saves time by allowing you to configure the basic setup in one screen.

**Note:** Additional features and functions can be set up using the complete Web Management software program, described in Chapter 3.

Provides a short way to enter and save information needed to create a connection to the Internet.

Select Wizard Setup

5. After clicking the **Wizard Setup** selection, the *Wizard Setup* screen displays.



## **Wizard Setup**

A minimum router configuration is provided using the Wizard Setup. This provides a quick way to enter and save information needed to create a connection to the Internet. The table below provides the information for the minimum configuration.

IP Configuration		
IP Address	The default is 192.168.2.1. To change it, simply enter your own IP address.	
Mask	The default is 255.255.255.0	
DNS	Enter the primary DNS IP address for the system. The default is 0.0.0.0	

PPP Configuration		
PPP	The default is <i>disable</i> . To connect to the Internet, you need to enable PPP.  Depending on the model, commands may need to be issued to the integrated cellular modem before connecting to the wireless service. To issue commands to the integrated cellular modem, PPP must be disabled and telnet port 5000 used.	
Dial-on- Demand	The default is <i>disable</i> .	
Idle Time Out	Sets the amount of time the PPP link stays active before disconnecting. Setting the value to zero causes the link to stay active continuously.	
Dial Number	Enter the dial number. This number connects you to the Internet.  For HSPA, the number is *99***1#.  For EV-DO models, the Dial Number is #777.	
APN	For HSPA models, enter the APN (Access Point Name). The APN is assigned by your wireless service provider. For EV-DO models, the APN does not apply	
Init String	You can set up to 4 router initialization strings.	

PPP Authentication					
Authentication Type	Click the button corresponding to the authentication protocol you want to use to negotiate with the remote peer. PAP, CHAP, or PAP-CHAP.  Default = PAP-CHAP				
Username	Enter the PPP Username. This name authenticates the remote peer.				
Password	Enter the PPP Password. This password authenticates the remote peer.				

#### A Note About the Access Point Name

The APN (Access Point Name) is assigned by your wireless service provider, but you may have to ask for it. An access point is an IP network to which a MultiModem rCell Router connects. The Web Management software asks for the APN on the *Wizard Setup* screen and the *PPP* screen.

#### Important Note About Provider Fees

Your provider will charge you for your data usage. Please check with your provider to make sure you are aware of the charges.

If you plan to use the router for large amounts of data transfers, we recommends an unlimited data plan with your account.

**Note:** Additional features and functions can be set up using the complete Web Management software program, described in Chapter 3.

- 6. Click the Submit button.
- 7. Click the Save & Restart button (located on the Menu bar). The router will reboot.

#### IMPORTANT NOTE ABOUT SUBMIT AND SAVE & RESTART

Click the **Submit** button located at the bottom of most screens in order to save any changes you make. Then you click the **Save & Restart** button, located on the Menu bar, in order for your settings to take effect. **Save & Restart** does not have to be executed after each screen; you can change and Submit several screens, and then click **Save & Restart**.

## **Verifying Signal Strength**

To communicate directly with the cellular modem to verify signal strength, telnet to the modem.

**Note:** Ensure that the Status LED is blinking, indicating that the router is ready. Ensure that PPP is disabled before verifying signal strength.

 To Telnet to the modem. You can access the modem thru the Run icon or from the Command Prompt: Click Start I Run icon. In the Open window, enter cmd and then press ENTER.

or

#### Click Start I All Programs I Accessories I Command Prompt

- In the command window, type telnet 192.168.2.1 5000
- At the Login prompt, type the default user name: admin (all lower-case). Press ENTER
- At the Password prompt, type the default password: admin (all lower-case). Press ENTER
- 2. In the command window, type AT+CSQ. The router responds with the received signal strength (rssi).

Signal Strength - RSSI						
10 – 31	Sufficient					
0 – 9	Weak or Insufficient					
99	Insufficient					

Once you have a good signal for where you are going to place the router, either refer back to Optional Mounting in this Chapter if you are permanently mounting your router or continue with Account Activation for Wireless Devices.

#### **Account Activation for Wireless Devices**

Note: If you need remote access to your MultiModem over the Internet for remote configuration, you need to ensure that your wireless network provider has provisioned mobile terminated data and fixed or dynamic public IP address in which they can configure the network to redirect any incoming connection to that predefined IP.

# Chapter 3 - Using the WEB Management Software

The Web Management software configures the Ethernet functionality of your router.

## **Navigating the Web Management Software**

This section explains the menu structure and the navigation buttons of the router's Web Management software.



IP Setup: Sets up a General Configuration, HTTP, DDNS, SNTP, Static Routes, and Remote Configuration.

PPP: Sets up the PPP authentication, dial-on-demand, router authentication, and Wakeup on Call.

**Networks & Services:** Defines networks and services to make them available to other functions such as allowed packet filters, static routes, remote configuration, DNAT, and GRE tunnels and routes.

Packet Filters: Defines filter rules, DNAT configuration, and ICMP rules.

**GRE Tunnels:** Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE). Defines the remote network and the tunnel through which traffic is to be routed.

**DHCP Server:** Configures the DHCP server settings.

IPSec: Allows device to support LAN-to-LAN VPN tunneling with 3DES and AES 128-192-256 encryption support

**Tools:** Sets DDNS Force Update, displays DDNS Status, resets the modem, and provides screens for Firmware Upgrade, Load Configuration, and Save Configuration.

Statistics & Logs: Shows statistics and logs maintained by the router.

Save & Restart: Saves your settings and reboots your router.

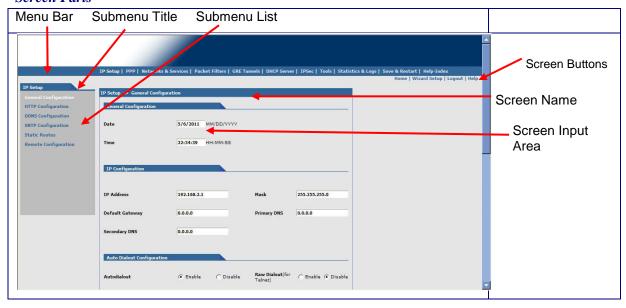
Help Index: Accesses the online Help text.

#### IMPORTANT NOTE ABOUT <u>SUBMIT</u> AND <u>SAVE & RESTART</u>

Click the **Submit** button located at the bottom of most screens in order to save any changes you make.

Then you must click the **Save & Restart** button, located on the Menu bar, in order for your settings to take effect. **Save & Restart** does not have to be executed after each screen; you can change and **Submit** several screens, and then click **Save & Restart**.

#### Screen Parts



#### Screen Buttons

Home: Click this button to return to the Home screen.

**Wizard Setup:** Click this button to display the Wizard Setup screen on which you can quickly set up your MultiModem rCell Router with basic configuration settings.

**Logout:** Click this button to Logout and return to the login screen.

Help: Click this button to display the Help text.

#### Submenus

The submenus display on the left side of the screen.

The following table shows the sub-menu selections under each main menu category.

IP Setup	PPP	Networks & Services	Packet Filters	GRE Tunnels
General Configuration HTTP Configuration DDNS Configuration SNTP Configuration Static Routes Remote Configuration	PPP Configuration Wakeup on Call Power On Config Modem Commands	Network Configuration Service Configuration	Packet Filters DNAT Configuration Advanced	GRE Tunnels GRE Routes
DHCP Server	IPSec	Tools	Statistics & Logs	
Subnet Settings Fixed Addresses	IP Sec	Tools Firmware Upgrade Load Configuration Save Configuration	SysInfo Ethernet PPP PPP Trace DHCP Statistics GRE Statistics Modem Info Service Status TCP/UDP Client Live Log TCP/UDP Server Live Log IPSec Live Log IPSec Log Traces	

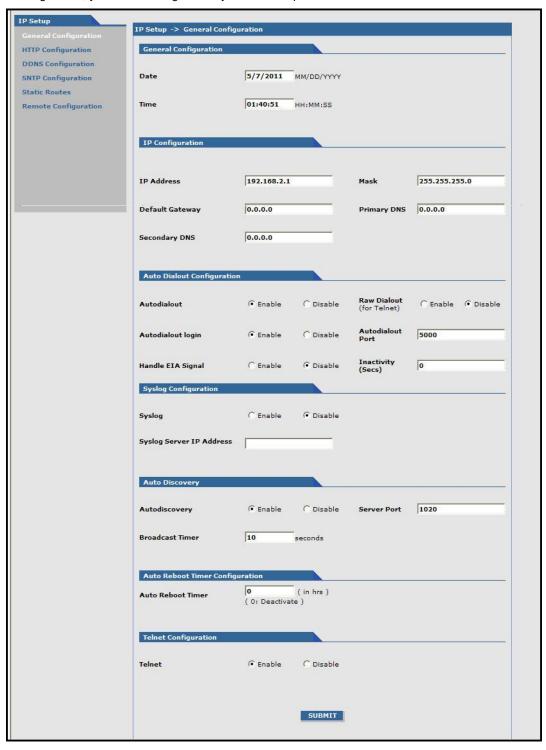
## **Web Management Software Screens**

The rest of this chapter describes each of the Web Management software screens.

## **IP Setup**

## **IP Setup > General Configuration**

In the General Configuration, you will set the general system-based parameters.



#### **General Configuration**

**Date and Time:** The system date and time display in these formats: **MM/DD/YYYY / HH:MM:SS**. A real time clock is part of SNTP to display proper time.

#### **IP Configuration**

Enter the following addresses for the Ethernet interface.

IP Address (Default = 192.168.2.1), Mask (Default 255.255.255.0), Default Gateway (Default 0.0.0.0),

Primary DNS (Default 0.0.0.0), Secondary DNS (Default 0.0.0.0).

Note: See Appendix A – Table of Commonly Supported Subnets.

#### **Auto Dial out Configuration**

**Auto Dialout:** Check the box to enable/disable Auto Dialout. Default = Enable. The Auto Dialout settings allow you to use the integrated cellular modem directly with no router functionality. This is accomplished using redirector software on your pc. This software creates a virtual serial port allowing your pc to communicate with the integrated cellular modem over IP using telnet.

Raw Dialout: Check the box to enable/disable raw mode for an Auto Dialout session. Default = Disable.

**Auto Dialout Login:** Check the box to enable or disable Auto Dialout Login feature. Default = Enable. The Auto Dialout port is the telnet port used by the redirector software on your pc to communicate to the integrated cellular modem.

Auto Dialout Port: Enter the serial Auto Dialout Port number. Default = 5000.

Handle EIA Signal: Check the box to enable/disable the EIA standard signal characteristics (time and duration) used between different electronic devices.

Inactivity: Enter the time in seconds that the auto dialout session will stay active before going inactive.

#### **Syslog Configuration**

**Syslog:** Check the box to enable or disable Syslog. Default = Disable.

Syslog Server IP Address: If a Remote Syslog Server IP Address is specified, the syslog feature acts as a remote Syslog.

#### **Auto Discovery**

**Auto Discovery:** Check the box to enable or disable Auto Discovery to broadcast (MAC level), the MAC Address, IP Address, and DHCP information to the configured server port. Default = Enable. The router will send a broadcast packet on the specified server port every 10 seconds or whatever interval the broadcast timer is set to.

Server Port: Enter the Server Port Number. Default port is 1020.

**Broadcast Timer:** Enter the amount of time in seconds for the auto-discovery packet granularity of periodic broadcasting. Default is 10 seconds.

#### **Auto Reboot Timer Configuration**

**Auto Reboot Timer:** Enter the number of hours to lapse between each automatic reboot. The default of zero deactivates the timer. Range is 0 to 999.

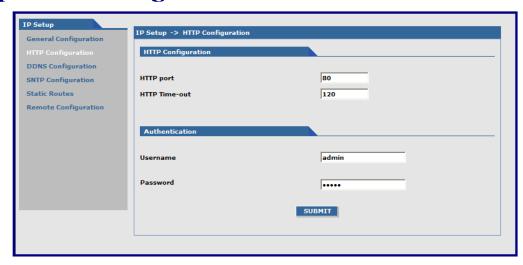
#### **Telnet Configuration**

Enables/Disables the Telnet port. The default is **Enable**. This is specifically for telnet port 23 for technical support debug. You can still access the integrated cellular modern using port 5000 when this is disabled. Ensure that PPP is also disabled before telnetting to the port.

#### **Submit Button**

Click the **Submit** button to save these settings.

## **IP Setup > HTTP Configuration**



### **HTTP Configuration**

HTTP Port: Enter the port number on which the HTTP server will listen for requests. Default is 80.

HTTP Time-Out: Set the HTTP session in seconds. The default is 120 seconds.

#### **Authentication**

**Username:** Enter the Username that can access to the Web Management software. Default is **admin**. This username and password are also used for telnet access to the router and integrated cellular modem.

Password: Enter the Password for access to the Web Management software. Default is admin.

**Note:** You should change the password to one of your choosing. It can be up to100 characters. Use a safe password. Your first name spelled backwards is not a sufficiently safe password; a password such as xfT35\$4 is better. You can also change the default Username to one of your choosing.

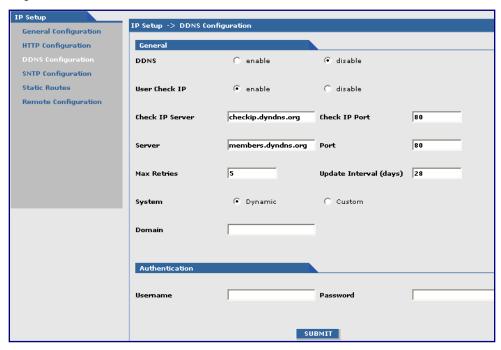
#### **Submit Button**

Click the Submit button to save these settings.

## IP Setup > DDNS Configuration

DDNS (Dynamic Domain Naming System) is dependent upon cellular network/account configuration. DDNS allows you to have a static domain name with a dynamic IP address. Whenever your dynamic IP address changes, it is submitted to the DDNS server where your domain name is updated to point to the new IP address.

Note: You have to register with a DDNS server to use this feature.



#### General

**DDNS:** Check the Enable or Disable box. This enables/disables DDNS.

Default = Disable.

Use Check IP: Check the Enable or Disable box. If enabled, the program will guery the server to determine

the IP address before it performs the DDNS update (the IP address is still assigned by the wireless provider and the DDNS will be updated based on the address returned by Check IP Server). If disabled, the program will perform the DDNS update using the IP address that it

obtains from the PPP link. Default = Enable.

Check IP Server: Enter the Server name from which the currently assigned IP address is obtained. This check

IP server is a server the router accesses to check it's current IP address.

**Check IP Port:** Enter the port number of the Check IP Server. Default is 80.

**Server:** Enter the Server name to which the IP Address change is registered. Example:

members.dyndns.org

**Port:** Enter the Server port number. Default is 80.

**Max Retries:** Enter the maximum number of tries that will be allowed if the update fails.

Default = 5. Range is 0 - 100.

Update Interval: Enter the intervals in days that will be allowed to pass when there is no IP Address change. At

the end of this interval, the existing IP Address will be updated in the server so that it will not

expire. Default = 28 days. Range is 1 - 99 days.

**System:** Sets the system registration type as either Dynamic or Custom. Default = Dynamic.

**Domain:** Enter the registered Domain name.

**Authentication** 

**Username:** Enter the Username that can access the DDNS Server. Default = NULL. You should have

received your username when you registered with the DDNS service.

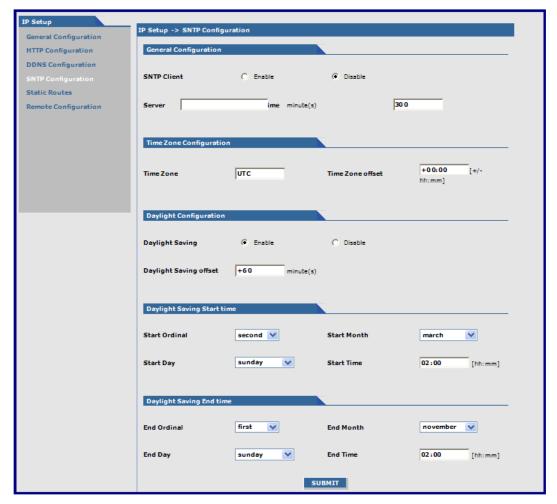
Password: Enter the Password that can access the DDNS Server. Default = NULL. You should have

received your password when you registered with the DDNS service.

#### **Submit**

Click the **Submit** button to save these settings.

## **IP Setup > SNTP Configuration**



#### **General Configuration**

SNTP Client: Enable or disable the SNTP Client to contact the configured server on the UDP port 123 and set the local

time. The default is Disable.

Server: Enter the SNTP server name or IP address to which the SNTP Client must contact in order to update the

time. No default.

Polling Time: Enter the polling time at which the SNTP client requests the server to update the time. Default is 300

minutes. Time must be entered in minutes.

#### **Time Zone Configuration**

**Time Zone:** Enter your time zone. Default = UTC (Universal Coordinated Time, Universal Time).

See the following Web site for Time Zone information: http://wwp.greenwichmeantime.com/info/current-time.htm

*Time Zone Offset:* Enter +/- hh:mm. Default = +00:00. Offset is the amount of time varying from the standard time of a Time Zone.

#### **Daylight Configuration**

Daylight Saving: Enables/disables Daylight Saving mode. The default is Enable.

Daylight Saving Offset: Set the offset to use during Daylight Saving mode. Default is +60 minutes. Enter the time in + / - minutes.

#### **Daylight Saving Start Time**

Start Ordinal: Set the start ordinal to use during Daylight Saving mode. Options are first/second/third/fourth/last. Default is

second. Daylight Saving time usually starts at the same time on the same day of the week in the same month every year. Each day of the week occurs four or five times a month. Therefore, you will be selecting the week in the first accordance to th

in which daylight saving time starts: the first, second, third, fourth or the last of the month.

Start Month: Set the start month to use during Daylight Saving mode. Default is March.
 Start Day: Set the start weekday to use during Daylight Saving mode. Default is Sunday.
 Start Time: Set the start time to use during Daylight Saving mode. Default is 02:00 (hh:mm).

## **Daylight Saving End Time**

End Ordinal: Set the end ordinal to use during Daylight Saving mode. Select the week in which daylight saving time ends.

Options are first/second/third/fourth/last. Default is first.

End Month: Set the end month to use during Daylight Saving mode. Default is November.

End Day: Set the end weekday to use during Daylight Saving mode. Default is Sunday.

End Time: Set the end time to use during Daylight Saving mode. Default is 02:00 (hh:mm).

#### **Submit Button**

Click the **Submit** button to save these settings.

**Note:** You must click **Save and Restart** once you have completed and submitted all the screens on which you have made changes.

## **IP Setup > Static Routes**

Routing information is used by every computer connected to a network to identify whether it is sending a data packet directly to the firewall or passing it on to another network. The options to Delete or Edit a route after it has been defined and added are available by using the table at the bottom of the screen.



#### **Add Static Routes**

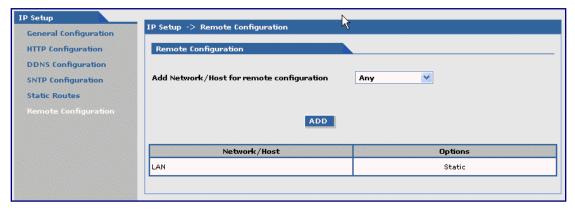
IP packets destined for the network indicated in the drop down box are routed to the IP address in the box pointed to by the arrow. The networks in the drop down box can be defined under the 'Networks & Services' tab.

Static Route: Select a static route from the drop down list box, and then click the Add button.

Add Button: After clicking the Add button, the new route is added and will display at the bottom of the screen.

Important Note: The Static Route screen will not display until the network is defined under Networks & Services.

## **IP Setup > Remote Configuration**



#### **Remote Configuration**

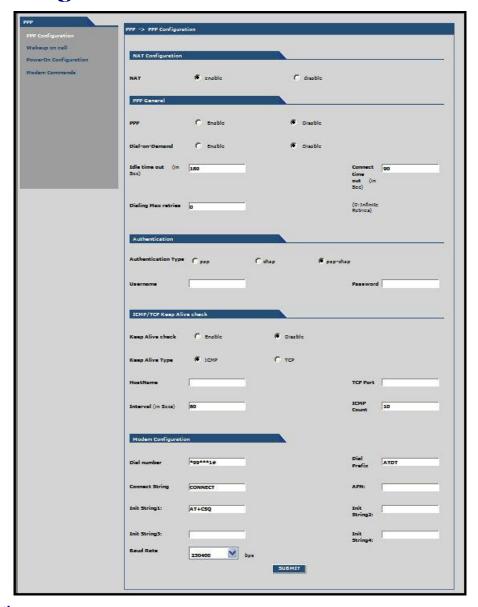
#### Add Network/Host for Remote Configuration:

Select a network or host from the drop down box. You can define more networks or hosts under the **Network & Services** tab. The choices are Any, LAN, and WAN Interface. Choose all that apply. Click the **Add** button after each selection.

**Add Button:** After clicking the **Add** button, the network or host is added and displays at the bottom of the screen. **Delete:** You will have the option to delete **Any** and **WAN Interface** in the **Options** window once it is added. Click on Delete in the Options window.

#### **PPP**

## **PPP > PPP Configuration**



#### **NAT Configuration**

**NAT** Enable/disable NAT (Network Address Translation). The default is *Enable*.

#### If NAT is enabled:

- Your LAN can use one set of IP addresses for internal traffic and a second set of addresses for external traffic. In other words, the router with NAT does the simple IP routing between the LAN interface and the WAN interface. NAT hides the LAN address behind a single IP address on the wireless side.
- Your internal addresses are shielded from the public Internet.

#### If NAT is disabled:

- The router functions without performing any address translation on the packets passing through it.
- Masquerading of packets originating from the LAN is disabled.
- Address translation of packets arriving from the WAN is also disabled.
- Any DNAT Configuration previously setup in the DNAT Configuration screen is disabled. This
  prevents the user from adding any DNAT rules, which if allowed would defeat the purpose of
  enabling Routing.

**Note:** For routing to take effect, the configuration must be saved after enabling it. It won't be effective on the fly at runtime.

#### **PPP General**

PPP Enable/disable PPP. The default is Disable. When enabled, the unit functions as a router. PPP

must be disabled to access the integrated cellular modem directly using telnet port 5000. If

PPP is enabled, you cannot access the integrated cellular modem.

Enable/disable Dial-on-Demand. The default is Disable. If you disable it, the router will always Dial-on-Demand:

> stay connected unless the Idle Time Out expires. When Dial-on-Demand is enabled, use the 'Wakeup on Call' settings under the PPP menu to configure the settings for re-establishment

of the connection.

Idle Time Out: Set the amount of idle time that will pass before the router will timeout. The default is 180

seconds. If the time expires, the PPP connection to the Internet will disconnect. Any IP packets from the LAN side or IP traffic from the wireless side will reset this timer and prevent

the connection from dropping.

**Connect Time Out:** Set the number of seconds to wait for a connection while in receive mode before timing out. **Dialing Max Retries:** 

Enter the number of dialing retries allowed. The default is zero, which means an infinite

number is allowed. Range 0 to 100.

#### Authentication

Authentication Type: Set the authentication protocol type that will negotiate with the remote peer: pap/chap/pap-

chap. Default is pap-chap.

Enter the Username with which the remote peer will authenticate. You can leave this field Username:

blank, if desired. Username is limited to 60 characters.

Password: Enter the Password with which the remote peer will authenticate. You can leave this field

blank, if desired. Password is limited to 60 characters.

#### **ICMP Keep Alive Check**

Keep Alive Check: Enable/disable Keep Alive Check. The default is Disable. This is used to periodically check

that the Internet connection is up. If it is not, the router will try to reconnect.

Keep Alive Type: Select ICMP or TCP (the protocol type for Keep Alive).

Host Name: Enter the Host Name or IP Address for Keep Alive Check. No default.

**TCP Port:** Enter the TCP Port number to connect with the TCP server.

Set the number of seconds for Keep Alive Check. Default is 60 seconds. Interval:

**ICMP Count:** Set the number of ICMP Keep Alive Checks to be sent to the specified host. Default is 10. (Refer to the Customer Activation Notices included with the product for proper information to

#### **Modem Configuration**

Dial Number:

Set the dial number to be dialed. Default is NULL.

For HSPA models, the Dial Number is \*99\*\*\*1# For EVDO models, the Dial Number is #777

Dial Prefix: Set the modem dial prefix. The default is ATDT.

Set the modern Connect String. The default is CONNECT. **Connect String:** 

Enter the APN (Access Point Name). The APN is assigned by your wireless service provider. APN:

Init String 1-4: Configure the modem init strings. You can set up to 4 modem initialization strings.

The Baud Rate option is only displayed on certain models and is set at 230.4K, by default. **Baud Rate:** 

The default setting is set for maximum performance.

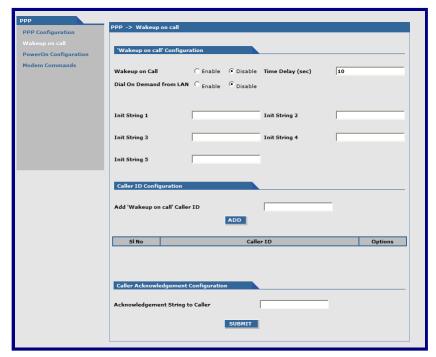
#### **Submit Button**

Click the **Submit** button to save these settings.

#### PPP > Wakeup-on-Call

The Wakeup-on-Call feature allows the router to wake up and initiate a connection when there is an incoming call or LAN activity. If you desired some security with this feature, you can set up the router to wake up based on Caller ID or SMS instead of allowing all incoming calls to wakeup the router. Dial-on-Demand in the IP Setup menu must be enabled for these settings to have any affect. The Wakeup-on-Call feature will reduce the cost incurred when a router is online and available 24/7.

Note: When provisioning this feature, you must allow incoming calls, sms capability, and/or caller-id.



### **Wakeup-on-Call Configuration**

Wakeup on Call: Enable/disable the Wakeup-on-Call feature. The default is Disable. Wakeup-on-Call occurs when a

ring or caller ID is detected. This will trigger the router to reconnect after the 'Time Delay' expires.

Time Delay: Enter the amount of time that you want to pass between the reception of a call and the initiation of

the Wakeup-on-Call connection. A time delay is needed to make sure that the incoming call has

ended before the connection is initiated. The default is 10 seconds.

Dial-on-Demand from LAN: The default is disable. When enabled, the router will reconnect when it sees IP traffic on

the LAN that is needed to be routed. If this feature is disabled, Dial-on-Demand initiates a PPP

connection to the Internet only from the WAN, not from the LAN.

*Init Strings:* Configure the router initialization string. This initialization string is specific to the installed integrated cellular modem. Some initialization may be required for the integrated cellular modem to accept the

Wakeup-on-Call feature. Refer to the following table for examples of the Init String depending on

model.

Model	Init 1	Init 2	Init 3	Init 4	Ack	Comment
MTCBA-H3-EN3	AT+CNMI=1,1 ,0,1,0		AT+CLIP=1		AT+CNMA	Ring, for any number/call to trigger Wakeup-on-Call.
MTCBA-EV1-EN3	AT+CNMI=1,1 ,0,1,0				AT+CNMA	Ring, for any number/call to trigger Wakeup-on-Call.

**Submit:** Click the **Submit** to save these settings

## **Caller ID Configuration**

Add "Wakeup on Call" Caller ID: To add Caller ID to the Wakeup-on-Call function, enter the Caller ID to be allowed to wakeup the router. Enter 'RING' (all Caps) to wake up on any call. Enter a CID phone number or an SMS message. The SMS message string must not contain any spaces between words.

After entering the *Caller ID*, click the **Add** button. The *Caller ID* displays at the bottom of the screen. You can enter any number of IDs you desire.

A Caller ID can be edited or deleted using *Options*, which will be available once a Caller ID is displayed.

#### **Caller Acknowledgement Configuration**

Acknowledgement String to Caller: The configured string of (0 to 40 characters) will be sent to the integrated cellular modem upon receiving a valid caller ID from the WAN. The default is NULL string.

**Note:** If the string is not configured, acknowledgement to the caller will not be sent upon successful caller ID reception.

#### **Submit**

Click the **SUBMIT** button to save these settings.

**Note:** You must click **Save and Restart** once you have completed and submitted all the screens on which you have made changes.

#### PPP > Wakeup-On-Call Examples

#### Example 1 – Determine if the router Is Supporting Incoming Calls and Caller ID

- 1. On the PPP > PPP Configuration screen, make sure that PPP is Disabled.
- 2. On the PPP > Wakeup-on-Call screen, make sure that Wakeup-on-Call is Disabled.
- 3. Open a command prompt by clicking the **Start** button and selecting **Run**.
- 4. Type CMD to open the command window. Click OK.
- 5. When the command window opens, telnet to the router.

Note: 5000 is the router port number.

- **5.1.** Enter your username and password to login.
- **5.2.** Enter an AT command to make sure you receive a response; i.e., OK.
- 5.3. On HSPA modlels, enter the Command AT+CNUM to determine the dial number of your router.
- From another phone, call your router using the number identified in Step 5.3. This will let you know if the RING message shows.
- To enable Caller ID, enter the AT+CLIP=1 command on the command screen and make the call again to see if it shows Caller ID information.

#### Notes:

- Step 5.3 must show the RING or CALLER ID information in order for the Wakeup-on-Call function to work.
- Some wireless providers might not provide caller ID information if you have only a data plan.

#### Example 2 – Set Up the Ethernet Router to Activate on ALL Incoming Calls

1. On the PPP >PPP Configuration screen, set up the following parameters:

#### **PPP General**

- Make sure that **PPP** is *Enabled*.
- Make sure Dial-on-Demand is Enabled.
- Set the Idle Time Out to the number of seconds you desire.

#### **Authentication**

 Your wireless service provider may require you to have a separate PPP Use name and Password. If so, enter them here.

**Note:** If a username and password are required, your wireless provider would have given them to you when you activated your account.

#### **Modem Configuration**

Make sure your **Dial Number** is entered correctly:

For HSPA models, the Dial Number is \*99\*\*\*1# For EV-DO models, the Dial Number is #777

#### **Submit**

- Click the Submit button to save the changes made on this screen.
- 2. On the *PPP* > *Wakeup-on-Call* screen, set up the following parameters:

#### **Wakeup-on-Call Configuration**

- Select Enable for Wakeup-on-Call.
- Set the Time Delay to 3 seconds. You can use the 10 second default.
- All Init Strings should be empty.
- Submit Button

Click the Submit button to save these settings.

#### **Caller ID Configuration**

- Enter the string RING to the Caller ID list.
- Click the Add Button to save the string to the Caller ID list.
- 3. Save and Restart

Click **Save and Restart** once you have completed and submitted all the screens on which you have made changes. The device will save all the settings and reboot the PC.

#### **Example 3 – Set Up the Ethernet Router to Activate on Matching Caller IDs Only:**

On the **PPP > PPP Configuration** screen, set up the following parameters:

#### **PPP General**

- Make sure that PPP is Enabled.
- Make sure **Dial-on-Demand** is *Enabled*.
- Set the Idle Time Out to the number of seconds you desire.

#### Authentication

Your wireless service provider may require you to have a separate PPP username and password. If so, enter them here.

Note: If a username and password are required, your wireless provider would have given them to you when you activated your account.

#### **Modem Configuration**

Make sure your **Dial Number** is entered correctly:

For HSPA models, the Dial Number is \*99\*\*\*1# For EV-DO models, the Dial Number is #777

#### **Submit**

- Click the **Submit** button to save the changes made on this screen.
- On the **PPP** > **Wakeup-on-Call** screen, set up the following parameters:

#### Wakeup-on-Call Configuration

- Select Enable for Wakeup-on-Call.
- Set the Time Delay. You can use the 10 second default.
- Enter the Init Strings:

Set Wakeup Init String 1 by entering AT+CLIP=1 for HSPA models only.

Submit Button

Click the Submit button to save these settings.

#### **Caller ID Configuration**

- Enter a caller's ID that you want added to the Caller ID list.
- Add Button

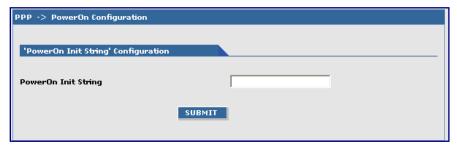
Click the Add button to save each Caller ID as it is entered to the Caller ID list.

Save and Restart

Click Save and Restart once you have completed and submitted all the screens on which you have made changes. The device will save all the settings and reboot the PC.

## PPP > Power-On Configuration

The Power-On Configuration feature allows you to set an initialization string that will be sent to the router upon boot up.



#### **Power-On Init String Configuration**

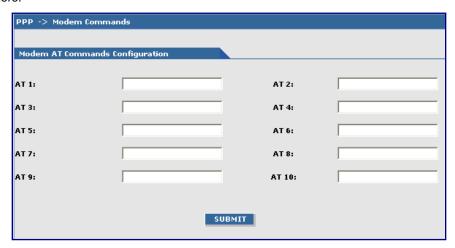
Power-On Init String: You can enter a string of 0 to 40 characters that will be sent to the router upon boot up. All commands will initialize before you proceed with regular PPP related activity.

Note: When no initialization string is configured, regular functionality of the router is retained.

Submit: Click the **SUBMIT** button to save this setting.

#### **PPP** > **Modem Commands**

Setting up certain modem commands will allow an external application to query modem information (based on the commands entered). The application can use the URL <a href="http://xxx.xxx.xxx/modeminfor.html">http://xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/modeminfor.html</a> to get the IP address that is currently assigned to the integrated cellular modem after the PPP connection is established. It also will show the results of up to ten AT commands entered here.



#### **Modem AT Commands Configuration**

These commands will be sent every time a PPP connection to the network is initiated.

#### **Example of Useful HSDPA AT Commands:**

AT+CGSN Product Serial Number
AT+CGMR Software Version
AT+CSQ Signal Quality

AT+CNUM Wireless Subscriber Number AT+COPS? Network Information (Operator)

AT+CREG? Network Registration

#### **Example of Useful EV-DO AT Commands:**

AT+CGSN Product Serial Number
AT+CGMR Software Version
AT+CSQ Signal Quality

#### Notes:

You can also retrieve the integrated cellular modem information without using a browser:

Make a TCP connection to port 80 (same as the Web Admin port) and send data as:

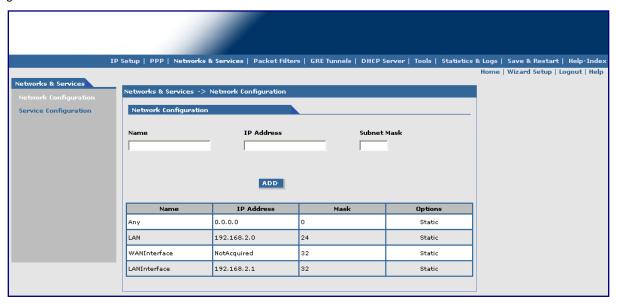
**GET /atinfor.html HTTP/1.1** 

Then press Enter twice.

#### **Networks & Services**

## **Networks & Services > Network Configuration**

Networks or Hosts can be added here. The options to Delete or Edit a network after it has been defined and added are available by using the table at the bottom of the screen.



#### **Network Configuration**

Enter the Name, IP Address, and Mask for a new Network or Host.

#### Notes:

- A Network/Host Name cannot be edited.
- A Network/Host cannot be deleted if it is used in another configuration.
- Network/Host changes are reflected in all the configurations in the Web Management software where they are used.
- A Network/Host added here will be displayed in the following sections: Static Routes, DNAT, and Packet Filters.

Name: Enter the name of the Network/Host. The same address-mask pair should not already be present

in the displayed list. The Name is limited to 15 characters maximum.

IP Address: Enter the IP Address of the Network/Host. The same address-mask pair should not already be

present in the displayed list.

**Subnet Mask:** Enter the Network Mask of the Network/Host. For Host addresses, the mask is entered as 32.

**Note:** See Appendix A -- Table of Commonly Supported Subnets.

Add Button: Click the Add button. The defined network is added and will display at the bottom of the screen.

## **Networks & Services > Service Configuration**

On this screen you can specify the standard set of well known services available on the system. These services enable the configuration of the user-defined services. The options to Delete or Edit a service after it has been defined and added are available by using the table at the bottom of the screen.



### **Service Configuration**

Enter the Name, Protocol, Source Port/Client, and Destination Port/Server for the new Service.

- A Service Name cannot be edited.
- A Service cannot be deleted if it is used in another configuration.
- Service changes are reflected in all the configurations in the Web Management software where they are used.
- Services added here will be displayed in the following sections: DNAT, Packet Filters.

Name: Enter the name of the Service which is limited to 16 characters. It has to be unique.

**Protocol:** Enter the type of protocol (TCP, UDP).

**Source Port:** Enter the Destination Port for this service. The source and destination ports can be entered either

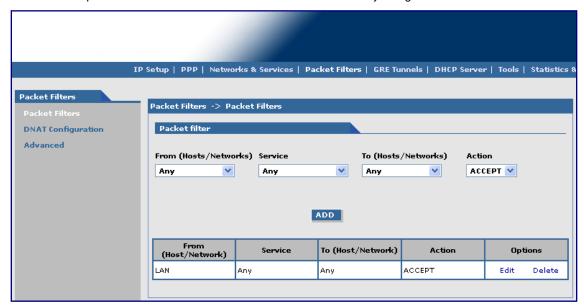
as a single port or a range using a colon as the separator.

**Destination Port:** Enter the name of the Destination Port for the service.

Add Button: Click the Add button. The new service is added and will display on the screen.

#### Packet Filters > Packet Filters

You can Delete or Edit a packet filter rule after it has been defined and added by using the table at the bottom of the screen.



#### **Packet Filter**

From (Host/Networks): Enter the network/host from which the packet must originate for the filter rule to match. The

Any option, which matches all IP addresses regardless of whether they are officially assigned addresses or private addresses, may also be entered. The network/host must be pre-defined in the Networks section.

Service:

Enter the service that is to be matched with the filter rule. These services must be pre-defined in

the Services section. These services precisely define the traffic to be filtered.

To (Host/Networks): Enter the network/host to which the packet must send for the filter rule to match. The Any option, which matches all IP addresses regardless of whether they are officially assigned addresses or

private addresses, may also be entered. The network/host must be pre-defined in the Networks

section.

**Action:** Enter the action that the packet filter executes if the rule matches any traffic traversing the firewall.

Types of actions defined are:

Accept: Allows/accepts all packets that match this rule.

Reject: Blocks all packets that match this rule. The host sending the packet will be informed

that the packet has been rejected.

**Drop:** Blocks all packets that match this rule, but the host is not informed; i.e., this is a silent

drop.

Log: Packets matching the rule; i.e., the corresponding source address, destination

address, and service will be logged.

Add Button: Click the Add button. The defined packet filter rule is added and will display at the bottom of the

screen.

## Packet Filters > DNAT Configuration

Destination Network Address Translation (DNAT) is a process that allows the placing of servers within the protected network and making them available for a certain service to the outside world. The DNAT process running on the router translates the destination address of incoming packets to the address of the real network server on the LAN. The packets are then forwarded.

You can Delete or Edit a DNAT rule after it has been defined and added by using the table at the bottom of the screen.

Important Note: When adding rules, at least one host must be defined in the Network Configuration section.



#### **DNAT Configuration**

Allow Access: Select a network or host to which IP packets will be allowed and re-routed. The network/host

must be pre-defined in the Network Configuration section.

External Service: Select the External Service that you want allowed. The service must be defined in the Service

Configuration section.

LAN IP: Select the LAN IP to which the packets are to be diverted. Only one host can be defined as the

destination.

Internal Service: Select the Internal Service to be the destination.

Internal Source: Select the source address for packets that are going to be sent. If you do not want to change the

address, select NOCHANGE.

Save Button: Click the Save button. The defined DNAT configuration is added and will display at the bottom of

the screen. Entries can be deleted or edited by clicking the **Edit** or the **Delete** buttons.

## Packet Filters > DNAT Example

## Set Up DNAT and Port Forwarding to an Internal Device

Note: The internal device can be camera, meter, security device, etc.

**Situation:** Assume the device is on a LAN with an IP address of 192.168.2.100 and the port to access the device is port 7700.

1. On the **Network & Services > Network Configuration** screen, set up the following parameters:

Name - Enter a name for the LAN device.

IP Address and Subnet Address – Enter the IP address and subnet address of the device.

Example: Name = MeterIP

IP Address = 192.168.2.100

Subnet Address = 255.255.255.255. The subnet mask in the network configuration is not

defined using x.x.x.x notation. It uses 'bit' notation. So 255.255.255.255 = 32.

**Add** – Click the **Add** button to save this configuration.

2. On the **Network & Services > Service Configuration** screen, define a service name. For this example, the service will be a meter.

Name - Enter a name for the service (use a name that will identify the service for you).

Example: MeterPort

Protocol – Select a protocol.

Example: tcp or udp

S-Port / Client - Enter the source port for this service.

**Example:** 1:65535

**D-Port / Server –** Enter the destination port for this service.

Example: 7700

**Add** – Click the **Add** button to save this configuration.

3. On the Packet Filters > DNAT Configuration screen, define the DNAT rule.

**Allow Access** – Select the original target network/host of the IP packets that you now want rerouted. The original target network/host is the one previously defined in the Network Configuration section.

Example: Any

External Service – Select the External Service that you want allowed. The service must be defined in the Service Configuration section.

LAN IP – Select the LAN IP to which the packets are to be diverted. Only one host can be defined as the destination.

Internal Service - Select the Internal Service to be the destination.

**Pre DNAT Service –** Select the service for the Pre-DNAT destination. This service was just defined in the Service Configuration section.

**Example:** MeterPort

**Post DNAT IP –** Select the destination to which the IP packets are to be diverted. Only one host can be defined as the Post DNAT destination.

Example: MeterIP

Post DNAT Service - Select the service for the Post DNAT configuration.

**Example:** MeterPort

Internal Source – Select the source address for packets that are going to be sent. If you do not want to

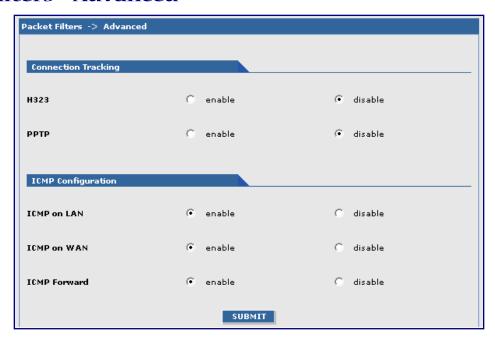
change the address, select **NOCHANGE**.

**Example: NOCHANGE** 

4. Save - Click the Save button to save this configuration.

**Note:** You must click **Save and Restart** once you have completed and submitted all the screens on which you have made changes. The device will save all the settings and reboot the PC.

#### Packet Filters > Advanced



#### **Connection Tracking**

H323: Enable/disable the forwarding of H323 packets across the firewall.PPTP: Enable/disable PPTP Packet Pass-through (PPTP NAT support).

Note: H323 and PPTP are disabled by default.

#### **ICMP Configuration**

The Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) is used to test the network connections and the functionality of the firewall and is also used for diagnostic purposes. *ICMP on Firewall* and *ICMP Forwarding* always apply to all IP addresses; i.e., *Any*. When these are enabled, all IP hosts can Ping the firewall (*ICMP on Firewall*) or the network behind it (*ICMP Forwarding*).

ICMP on LAN: Enable/disable the transfer of ICMP packets on the LAN interface.

ICMP on WAN: Enable/disable the transfer of ICMP packets on the WAN interface.

ICMP Forward: Enable/disable the forwarding of ICMP packets through the firewall into the local network.

Note: ICMP on the Lan, Wan, and Forward are enabled by default.

#### **Submit**

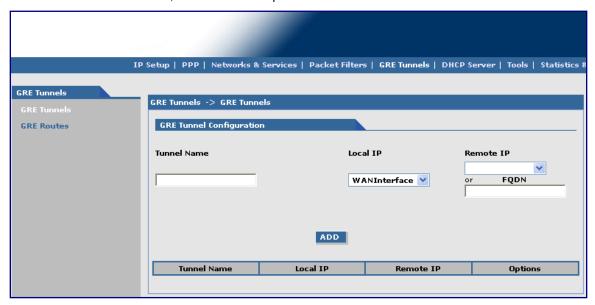
Click the **Submit** button to save these settings.

# **GRE Tunnels**

GRE tunneling and GRE routing together are referred to Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE). GRE Routing is an integral part of GRE tunneling. First, the GRE Tunnels are created using the GRE Tunnel Configuration. Then the routes for the remote networks that are to be routed through a tunnel need to be specified in the GRE Routes Configuration. Thus, all the traffic destined to remote networks associated to a tunnel will get routed through that tunnel.

# **GRE Tunnels > GRE Tunnels**

Tunneling allows the use of a public network to convey data on behalf of two remote private networks. It is also a way to transform data frames to allow them to pass networks with incompatible address spaces or even incompatible protocols. If you want to read more about how this works, see the online Help.



# **GRE Tunnel Configuration**

**Tunnel Name:** Enter a name for the new tunnel.

Local IP: Select the local interface on which the tunnel is being created. Eventually, the packets destined for

this tunnel will be routed through it.

**Note:** When adding a tunnel, use only one of the following: **Remote IP** or **FQDN**.

Remote IP: Select the Remote IP address that marks the other end point of the tunnel (this is the one to which

the routed packets will be received).

OR

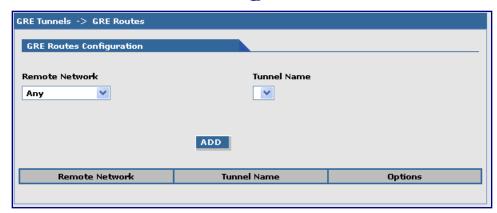
FQDN: Enter the FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name) for the Remote IP, which can be either the IP

Address or an FQDN.

Add Button: Click the Add button. The defined GRE tunnel configuration is added and will display at the bottom of

the screen.

# **GRE Tunnels > GRE Routes Configuration**



# **GRE Routes Configuration**

Remote Network: Select the remote network for which the traffic destined to it must be routed through the given

tunnel.

**Tunnel Name:** Select the name of the tunnel through which the traffic will be routed.

Note: To add a tunneled route, the remote network and the tunnel must have been defined in Network

Configuration. The tunnel configuration must be completed before setting the GRE route

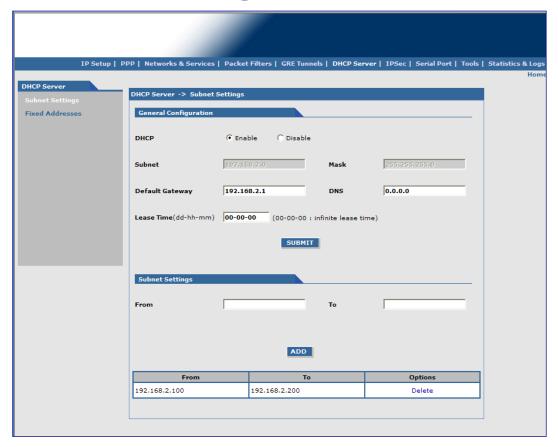
configuration.

Add Button: Click the Add button. The defined GRE route configuration is added and will display at the bottom

of the screen.

# **DHCP Server**

# **DHCP Server > Subnet Settings**



# **General Configuration**

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) is a protocol that allows individual devices on an IP network to get their own network configuration information (IP address, subnet mask, broadcast address, etc.) from a DHCP server. The overall purpose of DHCP is to make it easier to administer a large network.

**DHCP:** Enable/disable the DHCP server.

Subnet: Enter the subnet address. If you want to change the DHCP subnet address, you first have to

delete all the subnet settings below.

Mask:Enter the subnet mask.Gateway:Enter the gateway address.DNS:Enter the DNS address.

Lease Time: Select the DHCP Lease Time from the selection box. Lease time is set in days, hours, and

minutes. A Lease Time of 00-00-00 is an Infinite Lease Time.

Submit Click the Submit button to save these settings.

Note: You must click Save and Restart once you have completed and submitted all the screens

on which you have made changes.

#### **Subnet Settings**

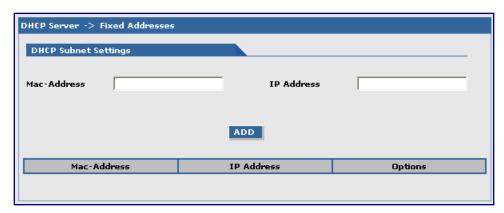
**From-To Range:** Enter the range of IP addresses to be assigned by DHCP.

Add: Click the Add button. The address range is added and will display in the table at the bottom of

the screen. Once the range displays, you can delete if necessary.

**Note:** See Appendix A – A Table of Commonly Supported Subnets.

# **DHCP Server > Fixed Addresses**



# **DHCP Fixed Configuration**

The DHCP server can be made to assign a fixed IP address for a particular user by identifying the MAC address. This binding can be made permanent by configuring it here. The same IP address will not be used for any DHCP client with a different MAC address, even if there is no active DHCP connection with that IP address.

MAC Address: Enter the MAC address to which the specified IP address binds.

**IP Address:** Enter the fixed IP address to be assigned.

Add: Click the Add button. The addresses are added and will display in the table at the bottom of the

screen from where they can be deleted or changed.

# **IPSec**

The IPSec (IP Security) protocol suite, based on modern cryptographic technologies, provides security services like encryption and authentication at the IP network layer. It secures the whole network traffic providing guaranteed security for any application using the network. It can be used to create private secured tunnels between two hosts, two security gateways, or a host and a security gateway. Up to three tunnels can be active at any given time. Beyond three active tunnels can be saved, but they will not be active.

IPSec provides encryption and authentication services at the IP level of the protocol stack. IPSec can protect any traffic carried over IP.

IPSec provides the following services:

- Authentication only
- Encryption only

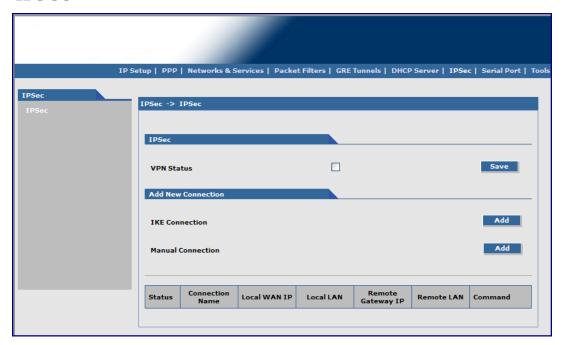
Authentication and encryption

Transmitting and receiving data securely over an unprotected network involves deciding on the type of IPSec service, as mentioned above, required for the connection, establishing a secure connection by a key exchange process and transferring data using that connection.

The key exchange process is done in one of two ways:

- Manual Keying where the authentication and encryption keys are provided manually on both sides of the connection.
- Auto Keying using IKEv2 Protocol where the authentication and encryption keys are generated on either side of the connection and exchanged by different methods.

#### IPSec > IPSec



#### **IPSec**

**VPN Status** 

Check the VPN Status checkbox to enable IPSec. Click the Save button.

**Add a New Connection** 

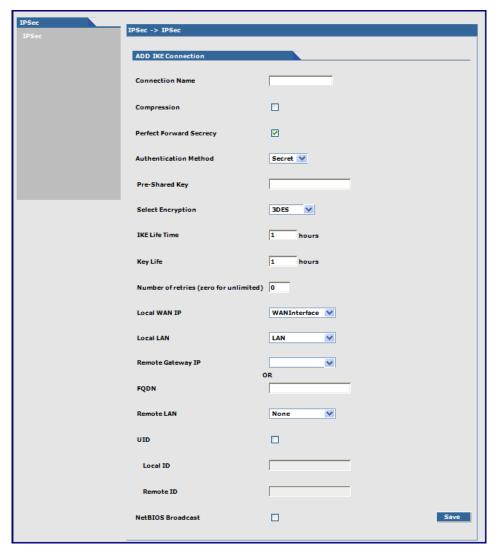
Add IKE Connection

Click the Add IKE Connection button. A screen displays for setting up an IKE connection.

**Add Manual Connection** 

Click the *Add Manual Connection* button. A separate screen displays for setting up a manual connection.

#### **Add IKE Connection**



#### Add an IKE Connection

**Connection Name** Enter a text name that will identify the connection for you.

Compression Check the compression checkbox to enable IPCOMP, the compression

algorithm.

Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) Check the PFS checkbox to enable PFS, a concept in which the newly

generated keys are unrelated to the older keys). This is enabled by default.

Authentication Method Authentication can be done using Pre-Shared Secrets.

Pre-Shared Key The Pre-Shared Key must be agreed upon and shared by the VPN

endpoints; it must be configured at both endpoints of the tunnel.

**Select Encryption** Select the encryption method. 3DES is recommended. Options include:

3DES, AES-128, AES-192, AES-256

IKE Life Time The duration for which the ISAKMP SA should last is from successful

negotiation to expiration. The default value is one hour and the maximum is

8 hours.

Key Life The duration for which the IPSec SA should last is from successful

negotiation to expiration. The default value is one hour and the maximum is

24 hours.

Number of Retries Specify the number of retries for the IPSec tunnel. Enter zero for unlimited

retries.

**Local WAN IP** This is the interface initiating the IPSec tunnel.

Local LAN Internal subnet of the local security gateway for which the security services

should be provided. If the router acts as a host, this should be configured as

None.

Remote Gateway IP Interface where the IPSec tunnel ends. In the case of a Road Warrior with a

Dynamic IP address, this should be configured to **ANY**.

FQDN is a Fully Qualified Domain Name that resolves to the Local Wan IP of

the router or in the case of GRE/IPSEC, it is used to identify the Wan IP of the remote location. This is provided by your ISP or created by you if you are using a Dynamic DNS service. When FQDN is selected, the Remote

Gateway IP should be left blank.

Remote LAN Internal subnet of the remote security gateway for which the security

services should be provided. If the remote end is the host, this should be

configured as None.

UID (Unique Identifier String) Check the UID box to enable the Local ID and Remote ID. Local ID and

Remote ID are active only when UID is enabled.

Local ID

Enter a string identifier for the local security gateway.

Remote ID

Enter a string identifier for the remote security gateway.

NetBIOS Broadcast Check this option to enable broadcasts over the connection. It will allow

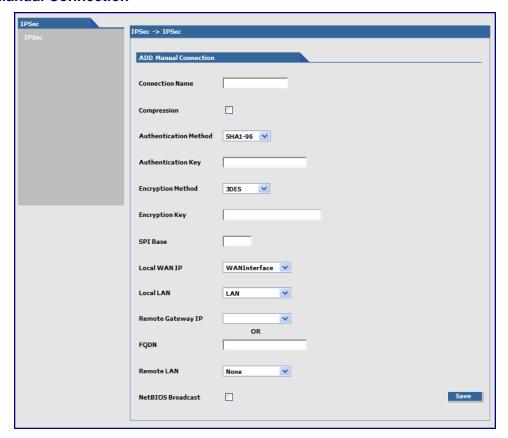
computers on the network to share Microsoft file and printer sharing

information.

#### **Save Button**

Click the Save button to save these settings.

#### **Add Manual Connection**



#### **Add a Manual Connection**

Connection Name
Compression

Enter a text name that will identify the connection for you. Check the compression checkbox to enable IPCOMP, the compression algorithm.

Authentication Method Select the authentication algorithms to be used for the respective security services.

Options are: MD5-96 and SHA1-96.

**Authentication Key** 

The VPN firewall could use either MD5-96 or SHA1-96 for authentication. For example, MD5-96 could have a key of abcdefgh12345678.

Authentication Protocol	Key Length	Accepted Characters
SHA1-96	Must be 20 characters	Alphanumeric characters
MD5-96	Must be 16 characters	Alphanumeric characters

**Encryption Method** 

Select the encryption method. Options include: 3DES, AES-128, AES-192, AES-256, and NULL (no encryption).

**Encryption Key** 

The router can use any one of the methods specified in its encryption algorithm. For example 3DES uses 24 alphanumeric characters (192 bits) as its encryption key. Example: 1234567890abcdefabcdabcd

Encryption	Key Length	Accepted Characters	
Protocol			
Null	Must be 24 characters	Alphanumeric Characters	
3DES	Must be 24 characters	Alphanumeric Characters	
AES-128	Must be 16 characters	Alphanumeric Characters	
AES-192	Must be 24 characters	Alphanumeric Characters	
AES-256	Must be 32 characters	Alphanumeric Characters	

**SPI Base** 

The Security Parameter Index identifies a manual connection. The SPI is a unique identifier in the SA (Secure Association – a type of secure connection) that allows the receiving computer to select the SA under which a packet will be processed. The SPI Base is a number needed by the manual keying code. Enter any 3-digit hexadecimal number, which is unique for a security association. It should be in the form 0xhex (0x100)

through 0xfff is recommended). If you have more than one manual connection, then the

SPI Base must be different for each one.

**Left Next Hop** is the address of the next device in a routing table's path that moves a packet

to it's destination. This setting can be configured or left as a static value: 0.0.0.0. When not configured, the value is set to the Gateway of the Box/Gateway configured on the

Interface/Right IP. The selection is based on the Left and Right IP.

Local WAN IP Select the Interface to initiate the IPSec tunnel (Left Security Gateway).

**Local LAN**Select the internal subnet of the local security gateway for which the security services

are to be provided. If the router acts as a host, this should be configured as None. Other

options are: Any, LAN, LAN Interface, WAN 1, WAN 1 Interface.

Remote Gateway IP Select the interface in which the IPSec tunnel ends. In the case of Road Warriors with a

Dynamic IP addresses, this should be configured as ANY. Other options include: LAN,

LAN Interface, WAN 1, WAN 1 Interface, and None.

FQDN FQDN is a Fully Qualified Domain Name that resolves to the Local Wan IP of the router

or in the case of GRE/IPSEC, it is used to identify the Wan IP of the remote location. This is provided by your ISP or created by you if you are using a Dynamic DNS service.

When FQDN is selected, the Remote Gateway IP should be left blank.

Remote LAN

This is the internal subnet of the remote security gateway for which the security services

are to be provided. If the remote end is a host, this should be configured as **None**.

NetBIOS Broadcast Check this option to enable broadcasts over the connection. It will allow computers on

the network to share Microsoft file and printer sharing information.

#### **Save Button**

Click the Save button to save these settings.

# **Tools**

# **Tools > Tools**



#### **DDNS**

DDNS Force Update: Click the Update button to update the DDNS server with your current dynamically assigned IP

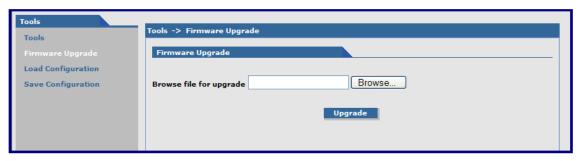
address.

**DDNS Status:** Click the **Refresh** button to display the DDNS Status after a forced update.

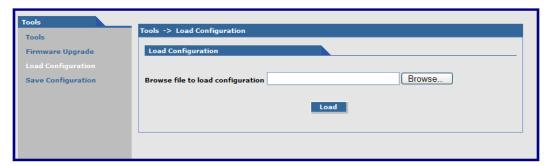
Modem

**Reset Modem:** Click the **Reset** button to reset the integrated cellular modem.

# **Tools > Firmware Upgrade**



# **Tools > Load Configuration**



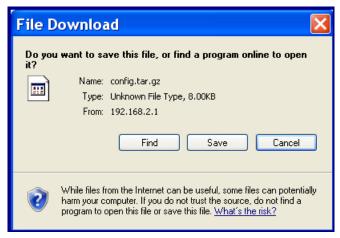
# **Load Configuration**

**Browse File for Load Configuration:** Click the **Browse** button to open the file that allows you to locate the configuration file. When found, highlight the file name and press Enter so that the file name displays in the text box. Then click the **Load** button.

#### **Important Notes:**

- The new configuration is written into the flash.
- A Configuration Upgrade will take at least 3 seconds to download and 60 seconds to install the settings and reboot. Reboot happens automatically.

When you click the Load button, the following screen displays. It shows the name of the file you selected.



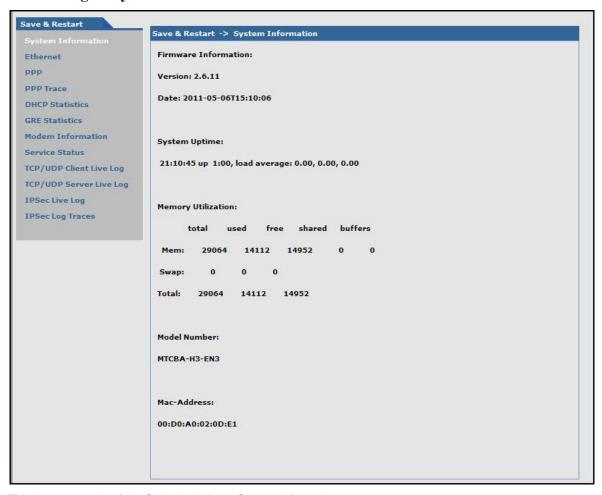
Click the **Find**, **Save**, or **Cancel** buttons as desired. The **More Info** displays Microsoft's Internet Explorer Help on downloading files.

### **Tools > Save Configuration**

Click this option to save the configuration.

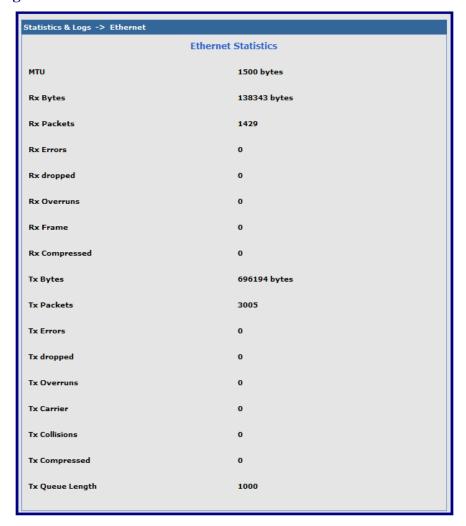
# **Statistics & Logs**

# **Statistics & Logs > System Information**



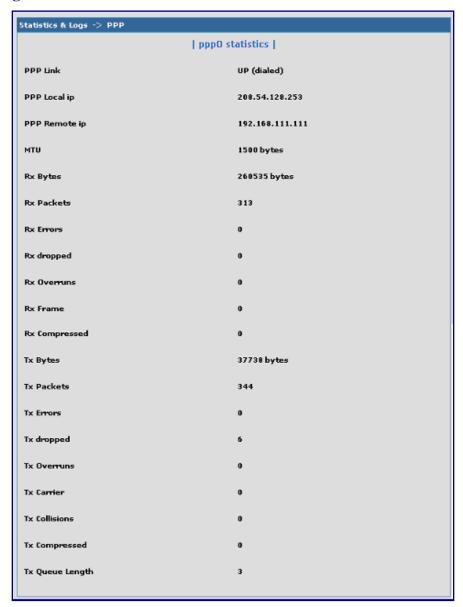
This is an example of the Statistics & Logs System Information

# **Statistics & Logs > Ethernet**



This is an example of the Ethernet Statistics & Logs screen. It shows Ethernet statistics.

# **Statistics & Logs > PPP**



This is an example of the PPP Statistics & Logs screen. It shows PPP statistics when PPP is enabled.

# **Statistics & Logs > PPP Trace**



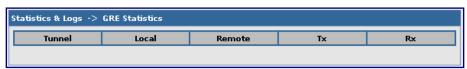
This is an example of the PPP Trace Statistics & Logs screen. It shows the PPP trace messages.

# Statistics & Logs > DHCP Statistics



This is an example of the DHCP Statistics & Logs screen. It shows the statistics of DHCP leases.

# Statistics & Logs > GRE Statistics



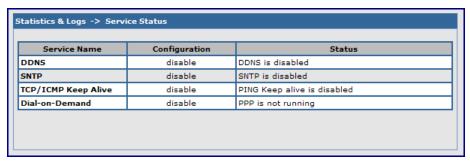
This screen displays the statistics of active tunnels.

# **Statistics & Logs > Modem Information**



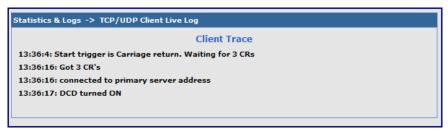
This screen displays the modem commands set on the **PPP > Modem Commands** screen and also displays the results of the commands.

# **Statistics & Logs > Service Status**



This screen displays the summary of the service status.

# Statistics & Logs > TCP/UDP Client Live Log



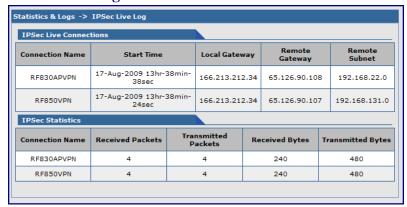
This screen displays the TCP/UDP Client Live Log.

# **Statistics & Logs > TCP/UDP Server Live Log**



This screen displays the TCP/UDP Server Live Log.

# **Statistics & Logs > IPSec Live Log**



This screen displays the IPSec Live Log.

# **Statistics & Logs > IPSec Log Traces**



This screen displays the IPSec Log Traces.

# Appendix A – Commonly Supported Subnets Reference Table

This table lists commonly supported Subnets organized by Address.

	ALC: LALC:		
	Network Number	Hosts Available	Broadcast Address
255.255.255.128	N.N.N.0	N.N.N.1-126	N.N.N.127
/25	N.N.N.128	N.N.N.129-254	N.N.N.255
	Network Number	Hosts Available	Broadcast Address
255.255.255.192	N.N.N.0	N.N.N.1-62	N.N.N.63
/26	N.N.N.64	N.N.N.65-126	N.N.N.127
	N.N.N.128	N.N.N.129-190	N.N.N.191
	N.N.N.192	N.N.N.193-254	N.N.N.255
	Network Number	Hosts Available	Broadcast Address
255.255.255.224	N.N.N.0	N.N.N.1-30	N.N.N.31
/27	N.N.N.32	N.N.N.33-62	N.N.N.63
	N.N.N.64	N.N.N.65-94	N.N.N.95
	N.N.N.96	N.N.N.97-126	N.N.N.127
	N.N.N.128	N.N.N.129-158	N.N.N.159
	N.N.N.160	N.N.N.161-190	N.N.N.191
	N.N.N.192	N.N.N.193-222	N.N.N.223
	N.N.N.224	N.N.N.225-254	N.N.N.255
	Network Number	Hosts Available	<b>Broadcast Address</b>
255.255.255.240	N.N.N.O	N.N.N.1-14	N.N.N.15
/28	N.N.N.16	N.N.N.17-30	N.N.N.31
	N.N.N.32	N.N.N.33-46	N.N.N.47
	N.N.N.48	N.N.N.49-62	N.N.N.63
	N.N.N.64	N.N.N.65-78	N.N.N.79
	N.N.N.80	N.N.N.81-94	N.N.N.95
	N.N.N.96	N.N.N.97-110	N.N.N.111
	N.N.N.112	N.N.N.113-126	N.N.N.127
	N.N.N.128	N.N.N.129-142	N.N.N.143
	N.N.N.144	N.N.N.145-158	N.N.N.159
	N.N.N.160	N.N.N.161-174	N.N.N.175
	N.N.N.176	N.N.N.177-190	N.N.N.191
	N.N.N.192	N.N.N.193-206	N.N.N.207
	N.N.N.208	N.N.N.209-222	N.N.N.223
	N.N.N.224	N.N.N.225-238	N.N.N.239
	N.N.N.244	N.N.N.241-254	N.N.N.255
	Network Number	Hosts Available	Broadcast Address
255.255.255.248	N.N.N.0	N.N.N.1-6	N.N.N.7
		IN.IN.IN. I = 0	
/29	N.N.N.8	N.N.N.9-14	N.N.N.15
	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23
	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31
	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24 N.N.N.32	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30 N.N.N.33-38	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31 N.N.N.39
	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24 N.N.N.32 N.N.N.40	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30 N.N.N.33-38 N.N.N.41-46	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31 N.N.N.39 N.N.N.47
	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24 N.N.N.32 N.N.N.40 N.N.N.48	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30 N.N.N.33-38 N.N.N.41-46 N.N.N.49-54	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31 N.N.N.39 N.N.N.47 N.N.N.55
	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24 N.N.N.32 N.N.N.40 N.N.N.48 N.N.N.56	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30 N.N.N.33-38 N.N.N.41-46 N.N.N.49-54 N.N.N.57-62	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31 N.N.N.39 N.N.N.47 N.N.N.55 N.N.N.63
	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24 N.N.N.32 N.N.N.40 N.N.N.48 N.N.N.56 N.N.N.64	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30 N.N.N.33-38 N.N.N.41-46 N.N.N.49-54 N.N.N.57-62 N.N.N.65-70	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31 N.N.N.39 N.N.N.47 N.N.N.55 N.N.N.63 N.N.N.71
	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24 N.N.N.32 N.N.N.40 N.N.N.48 N.N.N.56 N.N.N.64 N.N.N.72	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30 N.N.N.33-38 N.N.N.41-46 N.N.N.49-54 N.N.N.57-62 N.N.N.65-70 N.N.N.73-78	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31 N.N.N.39 N.N.N.47 N.N.N.55 N.N.N.63 N.N.N.71 N.N.N.79
	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24 N.N.N.32 N.N.N.40 N.N.N.48 N.N.N.56 N.N.N.64 N.N.N.52 N.N.N.80	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30 N.N.N.33-38 N.N.N.41-46 N.N.N.49-54 N.N.N.57-62 N.N.N.65-70 N.N.N.73-78 N.N.N.81-86	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31 N.N.N.39 N.N.N.47 N.N.N.55 N.N.N.63 N.N.N.71 N.N.N.79 N.N.N.87
	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24 N.N.N.32 N.N.N.40 N.N.N.56 N.N.N.56 N.N.N.54 N.N.N.72 N.N.N.80 N.N.N.80	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30 N.N.N.33-38 N.N.N.41-46 N.N.N.49-54 N.N.N.57-62 N.N.N.65-70 N.N.N.65-70 N.N.N.73-78 N.N.N.81-86 N.N.N.89-94	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31 N.N.N.39 N.N.N.47 N.N.N.55 N.N.N.63 N.N.N.71 N.N.N.79 N.N.N.87 N.N.N.87
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	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24 N.N.N.32 N.N.N.40 N.N.N.56 N.N.N.56 N.N.N.52 N.N.N.72 N.N.N.80 N.N.N.88 N.N.N.88 N.N.N.96 N.N.N.96	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30 N.N.N.33-38 N.N.N.41-46 N.N.N.49-54 N.N.N.57-62 N.N.N.65-70 N.N.N.73-78 N.N.N.81-86 N.N.N.81-86 N.N.N.89-94 N.N.N.97-102 N.N.N.97-102	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31 N.N.N.39 N.N.N.47 N.N.N.55 N.N.N.63 N.N.N.71 N.N.N.79 N.N.N.87 N.N.N.87 N.N.N.95 N.N.N.103 N.N.N.111
	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24 N.N.N.32 N.N.N.40 N.N.N.56 N.N.N.56 N.N.N.64 N.N.N.72 N.N.N.80 N.N.N.88 N.N.N.88 N.N.N.96 N.N.N.96 N.N.N.104 N.N.N.112	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30 N.N.N.33-38 N.N.N.41-46 N.N.N.57-62 N.N.N.57-62 N.N.N.65-70 N.N.N.73-78 N.N.N.81-86 N.N.N.89-94 N.N.N.89-94 N.N.N.97-102 N.N.N.105-110 N.N.N.113-118	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31 N.N.N.39 N.N.N.47 N.N.N.55 N.N.N.63 N.N.N.71 N.N.N.79 N.N.N.87 N.N.N.95 N.N.N.103 N.N.N.111 N.N.N.111
	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24 N.N.N.32 N.N.N.40 N.N.N.56 N.N.N.64 N.N.N.72 N.N.N.80 N.N.N.88 N.N.N.88 N.N.N.96 N.N.N.96 N.N.N.104 N.N.N.112 N.N.N.112	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30 N.N.N.33-38 N.N.N.41-46 N.N.N.57-62 N.N.N.57-62 N.N.N.65-70 N.N.N.73-78 N.N.N.81-86 N.N.N.81-86 N.N.N.89-94 N.N.N.97-102 N.N.N.105-110 N.N.N.113-118 N.N.N.113-118	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31 N.N.N.39 N.N.N.47 N.N.N.55 N.N.N.63 N.N.N.71 N.N.N.79 N.N.N.87 N.N.N.95 N.N.N.103 N.N.N.111 N.N.N.119 N.N.N.119
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	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24 N.N.N.32 N.N.N.40 N.N.N.48 N.N.N.56 N.N.N.64 N.N.N.62 N.N.N.80 N.N.N.88 N.N.N.96 N.N.N.104 N.N.N.112 N.N.N.112 N.N.N.120 N.N.N.120 N.N.N.136 N.N.N.136 N.N.N.136 N.N.N.136 N.N.N.136 N.N.N.144 N.N.N.152 N.N.N.152 N.N.N.152 N.N.N.160 N.N.N.168 N.N.N.176	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30 N.N.N.33-38 N.N.N.41-46 N.N.N.49-54 N.N.N.57-62 N.N.N.65-70 N.N.N.73-78 N.N.N.81-86 N.N.N.89-94 N.N.N.97-102 N.N.N.105-110 N.N.N.113-118 N.N.N.121-126 N.N.N.129-134 N.N.N.129-134 N.N.N.137-142 N.N.N.145-150 N.N.N.153-158 N.N.N.161-166 N.N.N.169-174 N.N.N.169-174	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31 N.N.N.39 N.N.N.47 N.N.N.55 N.N.N.63 N.N.N.71 N.N.N.79 N.N.N.87 N.N.N.95 N.N.N.103 N.N.N.111 N.N.N.119 N.N.N.127 N.N.N.127 N.N.N.135 N.N.N.135 N.N.N.151 N.N.N.159 N.N.N.159 N.N.N.167 N.N.N.175 N.N.N.175 N.N.N.175 N.N.N.175 N.N.N.175
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	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24 N.N.N.32 N.N.N.40 N.N.N.48 N.N.N.56 N.N.N.64 N.N.N.72 N.N.N.80 N.N.N.88 N.N.N.96 N.N.N.104 N.N.N.112 N.N.N.112 N.N.N.120 N.N.N.128 N.N.N.136 N.N.N.136 N.N.N.144 N.N.N.152 N.N.N.1552 N.N.N.156 N.N.N.160 N.N.N.168 N.N.N.168 N.N.N.176 N.N.N.176 N.N.N.178	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30 N.N.N.33-38 N.N.N.41-46 N.N.N.49-54 N.N.N.57-62 N.N.N.65-70 N.N.N.73-78 N.N.N.81-86 N.N.N.89-94 N.N.N.97-102 N.N.N.105-110 N.N.N.113-118 N.N.N.129-134 N.N.N.129-134 N.N.N.129-134 N.N.N.137-142 N.N.N.145-150 N.N.N.153-158 N.N.N.161-166 N.N.N.169-174 N.N.N.169-174 N.N.N.169-174 N.N.N.177-182 N.N.N.185-190 N.N.N.193-198	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31 N.N.N.39 N.N.N.47 N.N.N.55 N.N.N.63 N.N.N.71 N.N.N.79 N.N.N.87 N.N.N.95 N.N.N.103 N.N.N.111 N.N.N.119 N.N.N.127 N.N.N.135 N.N.N.135 N.N.N.143 N.N.N.151 N.N.N.159 N.N.N.167 N.N.N.167 N.N.N.175 N.N.N.183 N.N.N.191 N.N.N.199
	N.N.N.8 N.N.N.16 N.N.N.24 N.N.N.32 N.N.N.40 N.N.N.48 N.N.N.56 N.N.N.64 N.N.N.72 N.N.N.80 N.N.N.88 N.N.N.96 N.N.N.104 N.N.N.112 N.N.N.112 N.N.N.120 N.N.N.128 N.N.N.136 N.N.N.136 N.N.N.144 N.N.N.152 N.N.N.160 N.N.N.160 N.N.N.168 N.N.N.168 N.N.N.176 N.N.N.176 N.N.N.176 N.N.N.184 N.N.N.192 N.N.N.192 N.N.N.192	N.N.N.9-14 N.N.N.17-22 N.N.N.25-30 N.N.N.33-38 N.N.N.41-46 N.N.N.49-54 N.N.N.57-62 N.N.N.65-70 N.N.N.73-78 N.N.N.81-86 N.N.N.89-94 N.N.N.97-102 N.N.N.105-110 N.N.N.113-118 N.N.N.121-126 N.N.N.129-134 N.N.N.129-134 N.N.N.137-142 N.N.N.145-150 N.N.N.153-158 N.N.N.161-166 N.N.N.169-174 N.N.N.169-174 N.N.N.177-182 N.N.N.185-190 N.N.N.193-198 N.N.N.193-198	N.N.N.15 N.N.N.23 N.N.N.31 N.N.N.39 N.N.N.47 N.N.N.55 N.N.N.63 N.N.N.71 N.N.N.79 N.N.N.95 N.N.N.103 N.N.N.111 N.N.N.119 N.N.N.127 N.N.N.135 N.N.N.143 N.N.N.151 N.N.N.151 N.N.N.159 N.N.N.167 N.N.N.167 N.N.N.175 N.N.N.175 N.N.N.183 N.N.N.183 N.N.N.183 N.N.N.191 N.N.N.199 N.N.N.199 N.N.N.199
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Network Number N.N.N.232 N.N.N.240 N.N.N.248 Network Number N.N.N.0	Hosts Available	Broadcast Address
N N N 222	NI NI NI 222 220	N N N 220
N.N.N.232	N.N.N.233-230	N.N.N.239
N.N.N.240	N.N.N.241-246	N.N.N.247
N.N.N.248	N.N.N.249-254	N.N.N.255
Network Number	Hosts Available	Broadcast Address
14.14.14.0	N.N.N.1-2	N.N.N.3
N.N.N.4	N.N.N.5-6	N.N.N.7
N.N.N.8	N.N.N.9-10	N.N.N.11
N.N.N.12	N.N.N.13-14	N.N.N.15
N.N.N.16	N.N.N.17-18	N.N.N.19
N.N.N.20	N.N.N.21-22	N.N.N.23
N.N.N.24	N.N.N.25-26	N.N.N.27
N.N.N.28	N.N.N.29-30	N.N.N.31
N.N.N.32	N.N.N.33-34	N.N.N.35
N.N.N.36	N.N.N.37-38	N.N.N.39
N.N.N.40	N.N.N.41-42	N.N.N.43
N.N.N.44	N.N.N.45-46	N.N.N.47
N.N.N.48	N.N.N.49-50	N.N.N.51
N.N.N.52	N.N.N.53-54	N.N.N.55
N.N.N.56	N.N.N.57-58	N.N.N.59
N.N.N.60	N.N.N.61-62	N.N.N.63
N.N.N.64	N.N.N.65-66	N.N.N.67
N.N.N.68	N.N.N.69-70	N.N.N.71
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N.N.N.80	N.N.N.81-82	N.N.N.83
N.N.N.84	N.N.N.85-86	N.N.N.87
N.N.N.88	N.N.N.89-90	N.N.N.91
N.N.N.92	N.N.N.93-94	N.N.N.95
N.N.N.96	N.N.N.97-98	N.N.N.99
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N.N.N.104	N.N.N.105-106	N.N.N.107
N.N.N.108	N.N.N.109-110	N.N.N.111
N.N.N.112	Hosts Available N.N.N.233-238 N.N.N.241-246 N.N.N.249-254 Hosts Available N.N.N.1-2 N.N.N.5-6 N.N.N.9-10 N.N.N.13-14 N.N.N.17-18 N.N.N.21-22 N.N.N.25-26 N.N.N.29-30 N.N.N.33-34 N.N.N.37-38 N.N.N.41-42 N.N.N.45-46 N.N.N.45-46 N.N.N.57-58 N.N.N.65-66 N.N.N.65-66 N.N.N.65-66 N.N.N.65-70 N.N.N.73-74 N.N.N.77-78 N.N.N.85-86 N.N.N.89-90 N.N.N.89-90 N.N.N.93-94 N.N.N.97-98 N.N.N.105-106 N.N.N.109-110 N.N.N.113-114 N.N.N.117-118 N.N.N.117-118 N.N.N.1125-126 N.N.N.129-130 N.N.N.133-134 N.N.N.137-138 N.N.N.137-138 N.N.N.137-138	N.N.N.115
N.N.N.116	N.N.N.117-118	N.N.N.119
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N.N.N.124	N.N.N.125-126	N.N.N.127
N.N.N.128	N.N.N.129-130	N.N.N.131
N.N.N.132	N.N.N.133-134	N.N.N.135
N.N.N.136	N.N.N.137-138 N.N.N.141-142	N.N.N.139
N.N.N.140	N.N.N.141-142	N.N.N.143
N.N.N.144	N.N.N.145-146	N.N.N.147
N.N.N.148	N.N.N.141-142 N.N.N.145-146 N.N.N.149-150 N.N.N.153-154 N.N.N.157-158 N.N.N.161-162 N.N.N.165-166 N.N.N.169-170 N.N.N.173-174	N.N.N.151
N.N.N.152	N.N.N.153-154	N.N.N.155
N.N.N.156	N.N.N.157-158	N.N.N.159
N.N.N.160	N.N.N.161-162	N.N.N.163
N.N.N.164	N.N.N.165-166	N.N.N.167
N.N.N.168	N.N.N.169-170	N.N.N.171
N.N.N.172	N.N.N.173-174	N.N.N.175
N.N.N.176	N.N.N.177-178	N.N.N.179
N.N.N.180	N.N.N.181-182	N.N.N.183
N.N.N.184	N.N.N.185-186	N.N.N.187
N.N.N.188	N.N.N.189-190	N.N.N.191
N.N.N.192	N.N.N.193-194	N.N.N.195
N.N.N.196	N.N.N.197-198	N.N.N.199
N.N.N.200	N.N.N.201-202	N.N.N.203
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N.N.N.240	N.N.N.241-242	N.N.N.243
N.N.N.244	N.N.N.245-246	N.N.N.247
N.N.N.248	N.N.N.249-250	N.N.N.251
N.N.N.252	N.N.N.253-254	N.N.N.255
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# Appendix B - Regulatory Compliance

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# **EMC, Safety, and R&TTE Directive Compliance**

The CE mark is affixed to this product to confirm compliance with the following European Community Directives:

Council Directive 2004/108/EC of 15 December 2004 on the approximation of the laws of Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility;

and

Council Directive 2006/95/EC of 12 December 2006 on the harmonization of the laws of Member States relating to electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits;

and

Council Directive 1999/5/EC of 9 March 1999 on radio equipment and telecommunications terminal equipment and the mutual recognition of their conformity.

#### FCC Part 15 Class B Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a **Class B** digital device, pursuant to 47 CFR Part 15 regulations. The stated limits in this regulation are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Plug the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the CFR 47 rules. Operation of this device is subject to the following conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference that may cause undesired operation.

**Warning**: Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

# **Industry Canada**

This Class B digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe B respecte toutes les exigences du Reglement Canadien sur le matériel brouilleur.

# Appendix C – Environmental Information

July, 2005

#### **Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)**

The WEEE directive places an obligation on EU-based manufacturers, distributors, retailers and importers to take-back electronics products at the end of their useful life. A sister Directive, ROHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) complements the WEEE Directive by banning the presence of specific hazardous substances in the products at the design phase.

#### Instructions for Disposal of WEEE by Users in the European Union

The symbol shown below is on the product or on its packaging, which indicates that this product must not be disposed of with other waste. Instead, it is the user's responsibility to dispose of their waste equipment by handing it over to a designated collection point for the recycling of waste electrical and electronic equipment. The separate collection and recycling of your waste equipment at the time of disposal will help to conserve natural resources and ensure that it is recycled in a manner that protects human health and the environment. For more information about where you can drop off your waste equipment for recycling, please contact your local city office, your household waste disposal service or where you purchased the product.



# Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)

#### ROLS 2002/95/EC COMPLIANT

These products do not contain the following banned chemicals:

Lead, [Pb] < 1000 PPM

Mercury, [Hg] < 1000 PPM

Hexavalent Chromium, [Cr+6] < 1000 PPM

Cadmium, [Cd] < 100 PPM

Polybrominated Biphenyl, [PBB] < 1000 PPM

Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether, [PBDE] < 1000 PPM

#### Notes:

- Lead usage in some components is exempted by the following RoHS annex; therefore, higher lead concentration could be found.
  - a. Lead in high melting temperature type solders (i.e., tin-lead solder alloys containing more than 85% lead).
  - b. Lead in electronic ceramic parts (e.g., piezoelectronic devices).

# **China ROHS**

# 依照中国标准的有毒有害物质信息

根据中华人民共和国信息产业部 (MII) 制定的电子信息产品 (EIP) 标准一中华人民共和国《电子信息产品污染控制管理办法》(第 39 号),也称作中国

的名称及含量水平方面的信息。

	有害/有毒物 <b>质</b> /元素					
成分名称	<del>铅</del> (PB)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (CD)	六价 <b>铬</b> (CR6+)	多 <b>溴联</b> 苯 (PBB)	多 <mark>溴二苯醚</mark> (PBDE)
印刷电路板	0	0	0	0	0	0
电阻器	Х	0	0	0	0	0
电容器	Х	0	0	0	0	0
铁氧体磁环	0	0	0	0	0	0
继电器/光学部件	0	0	0	0	0	0
IC	0	0	0	0	0	0
二极管/晶体管	0	0	0	0	0	0
振 <b>荡</b> 器和晶振	Х	0	0	0	0	0
调节器	0	0	0	0	0	0
电压传感器	0	0	0	0	0	0
变压器	0	0	0	0	0	0
扬声器	0	0	0	0	0	0
连接器	0	0	0	0	0	0
LED	0	0	0	0	0	0
螺 <b>丝</b> 、螺母以及 其它五金件	Х	0	0	0	0	0
交流-直流电源	0	0	0	0	0	0
软件/文档 CD	0	0	0	0	0	0
手册和纸页	0	0	0	0	0	0
底盘	0	0	0	0	0	0

- X 表示所有使用类似材料的设备中有害/有毒物质的含量水平高于 SJ/Txxx-2006 限量要求。
- O 表示不含**该物质**或者**该物质**的含量水平在上述限量要求

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